Decatur Weekly Republican.

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The Weekly Republican.

OFFICIAL CITY AND COUNTY PAPER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

BY

HAMSHER & MOSSER.

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	1 wk	2 wk	3 wk	1 mo	3 mo	6 mo	1 yr
1 sqr	$1 00	$1 50	$2 25	$3 75	$6 00	$8 00	$10 00
2 sqs	2 50	3 50	3 75	4 50	6 50	9 00	14 00
3 sqs	3 00	4 50	5 40	6 00	9 00	12 00	17 00
4 sqs	4 00	6 00	6 90	7 50	12 00	16 00	20 00
1col	6 00	7 50	8 50	9 50	15 00	20 00	30 00
2col	8 00	10 00	12 50	14 00	20 00	30 00	44 00
3col	10 00	12 50	15 00	18 00	27 00	38 00	60 00
4col	12 00	17 00	21 00	25 00	35 00	50 00	75 00
1col	18 00	24 00	30 00	36 00	48 00	60 00	100 00

E. T. CLEMENTS, postmaster at Blue Mound, Illinois, is our authorized agent at that place to receive subscriptions and receipt for the same. Subscribers who receive their papers at that postoffice can learn the amount of their indebtedness by inquiring of Mr. Clements.

LOCAL JOTTINGS.

THE mayor of Danville receives $900 this year.

FOR pure drugs, carefully compounded, go to W. C. Armstrong's.

LADIES in search of house-furnishing goods will find Abel & Locke's establishment A 1 place to go for bargains.

THERE is a great profusion of lovely and odorous blossoms everywhere. Yes, the beautiful spring time is here in all its loveliness, and cabbage is selling at 25 cents ahead.

IT is one of those rare, good remedies which used once will be always kept in the house. Dr. Bull's Baltimore Pills we refer to. Price 25 cents.

THE exclusive carpet house of Abel & Locke is daily visited by people from near and far, who come to inspect and buy. They get bargains every time.

MATRIMONIALLY speaking can county clerk Waggoner be properly called a noose agent?

SEE the novelties in parasols this evening at the New York Store.

May 3—d1w

I. W. ehrman's old reliable clothing house is chock full of new goods, all selling at hardpan prices.

B. PRATT will to-day ship another carload of horses to Connecticut. This lot, which makes about 115 head shipped by him, embraces some very choice animals.

ABEL & LOCKE have now in stock a complete line of new carpet goods, and invite everybody to call and inspect the same before purchasing elsewhere.

A MAN of Carlisle, Ky., is under bonds for perjury in swearing that a would-be bride was "over 21," which was only true so far as her having the figure "21" pasted in each shoe.

THE new, large and commodious ladies' waiting room at the union depot was thrown open to the public this morning. The paint and plaster smells rather fresh, but it will soon dry.

THE suggestion which appeared in these columns Saturday, relative to beautifying the City Park, meets with general approbation, and doubtless the council will act on the proposition to-night.

THE twenty-first Illinois State Sunday School Convention will be held in the First M. E. church at Bloomington, on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of next week. The Decatur schools will be well represented.

THE store room on Water street occupied by Dr. Douglas, the druggist, and H. Post, the jeweler, is soon to have a genuine French plate glass front. And Hubbard & Swearingen will follow suit in a few days.

INSULTING messages will be less frequent on postal cards when it is learned that a New York jury has awarded an aggrieved receiver of such a card the sum of three hundred dollars.

JOHNNY CHERRY, of this city, a Wabash brakeman, fell from train No. 54 at Taylorville, last night, and broke one of his arms. He is still at Taylorville.

DECATUR is soon to be favored with a scientific, instructive and popular course of lectures on Physiology, Phrenology, and the Philosophy of Sport, and against Spiritism, Superstition and Infidelity, by Prof. Stanley Grimes, of Chicago.

SAFETY, efficiency, and reliability are the three cardinal virtues of a remedy, whether in the hands of a physician or in the use of the people at large. For the cure of all malarial or miasmatic diseases, such as Chills and Fever, or Intermittent Fever, Dumb Chills and Chronic Enlargement of the Spleen, we have such a remedy in Dr. F. Wilhoft's Anti-Periodic or Fever and Ague Tonic, the composition of which has been published by its proprietors, Wheelock, Finlay & Co., of New Orleans, and is approved by the medical profession, and for sale by all druggists.

May 7—d&w2w

THE DECATUR POSTOFFICE.

Established in 1829—Daniel McCall the First P. M.—The Office of To-day a Well Ordered and Well Kept Institution.

1829.

On the 19th day of January, 1829, over fifty years ago, by an act of the Illinois General Assembly the county of Macon was formed, and on April 10th of the same year the appointed county commissioners, John Fleming, Jesse Rhodes and Easton Whitton met and "proceeded to view the several proposed locations for a seat of justice," and made a report of their deliberations to the county commissioners' court. As a result of the action of the special commission the town of Decatur was laid off, and Daniel McCall was appointed postmaster in the fall of 1829. He also at this time held the offices of probate and county judge and circuit clerk, all by appointment.

McCall was succeeded as postmaster by the following persons:

William Cantrill, still living in this city; Dr. J. G. Spears; Dr. Thomas P. Rogers, now in the Illinois legislature, whose home is at Bloomington; Samuel C. Allen, still living, east of Decatur; Alexander Maywood; Preston Butler; William J. Usrey; John P. Post; Phil Shepherd; John Ryan; George B. Peake; Wm. J. Usrey; Isaac C. Pugh; Robert P. Lytle.

1879.

What the postoffices of 50, 40, 30 and 20 years ago were, we leave to the failing memories of the "oldest inhabitants."

The Decatur postoffice of to-day, whatever it may have been in the past, is a model of beauty and convenience. It is conveniently situated in the business part of the city, and is in all respects an institution such as few cities of a population of 10,000 souls can boast of. Under the present efficient management the several departments have been arranged with an eye single to the accommodation of the public, a fact that is duly appreciated.—This spring the office was thoroughly renovated and the walls newly calcimined and repapered, and the glass and boxes were washed, dusted and generally cleaned up.

The office is in charge of the following named officials and clerks: R. P. Lytle, Postmaster; Frank W. Hardy, Deputy Postmaster; Aten Lytle, money order clerk; Geo. Moeller, mailing clerk; Harry Moore, delivery clerk.

The office is in a very prosperous condition, as will be seen by the following statement of its business for the quarter ending March 31st, 1879:

No of money orders issued,	1,600
" " " paid,	1,597
" " registered letters issued,	160
" " " paid,	578
" " " handled in transit,	600
" " one-cent stamps sold,	137,000
" " 3 " " "	55,000
" " other denominations sold,	3,600
" " stamped envelopes and wrappers sold,	32,554

There are 2,000 boxes in the office, 1500 of which are call and 500 lock boxes; 1300 of this number are now rented to the public.

Mail matter of every kind is received and despatched with the greatest possible rapidity, and everything connected with the office moves with the regularity and promptness of a well-ordered and well kept public institution such as it is.

TABERNACLE GOSPEL TEMPERANCE.—The attendance at the gospel temperance meeting at the tabernacle on Saturday night was not as large as was desired.—The singing was conducted by George R. Frankland, in the absence of Mr. Bunn. Capt. Post introduced the speakers. The first number on the programme was a poetical recitation by little Jennie Odor, entitled, "The Two Glasses." Then followed an extemporaneous address by Lawyer McGaskill, of Taylorville, a brother-in-law of Charles J. Holt. Little Mabel Prescott, seven years of age, gave a well-rendered recitation, which was plainly heard in all parts of the house. Ex-Mayor Frank Priest was called upon to speak, and he responded in a good-natured address of 10 minutes duration. He spoke of Taylorville as he knew it many years ago, and styled it as having been the hardest town in Illinois, Ramsey not excepted. He was glad that the burg had been redeemed, and hoped it would ever remain as it is now—an anti-license town. Rev. Ermantrout will be the principal speaker next Saturday night.

AMATEUR WALKING.—A match for amateurs will take place at the tabernacle on Friday and Saturday, May 16th and 17th. An entrance fee will be charged, and the prizes, which will be hereafter announced, will be three in number. Full particulars will be given in a few days.

A LEADVILLE FOR PREACHERS.—The following are the salaries paid Bloomington ministers per annum as published by the *Pantagraph:* Rev. J. W. Dinsmore, of the 2d Presbyterian church, $2,500; Dr. A. J. Hobbs, Christian church, $2,000; Dr. Thayer, 1st Presbyterian church, $1,700. Bloomington has a population of about 20,000 souls.

Look out that your nurses do not drug your little ones with laudanum, paregoric or other soothing remedies. Give them Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup, which innocent remedy is warranted not to contain opiates.

Macon County Bible Society.

The anniversary of this well-known auxiliary of the American Bible Society takes place in the 1st M. E. Church in Decatur next Sabbath evening. The various churches in the city, we believe, almost, if not quite without exception, suspend their usual evening services in order to unite in this one grand union gathering, as such we learn they expect it to be. The occasion is designed to commemorate the completion of the 64th year of the American Bible Society, whose work of beneficence has now become most world-wide.

About thirty-five million copies of the Word of God have been put into circulation since its organization, now carrying these streams of light to nearly a hundred distinct nationalities.

Addresses appropriate to the occasion are to be delivered by Rev. W. H. Moore, rector of St. John's Episcopal church, of this city, and Rev. Dr. Hartshorn, who has had charge of the bible interests in the states of Illinois and Ohio for many years.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Assessor Smith is now working from early morn to nine o'clock at night, interviewing all the taxpayers on his "beat."

Chas. A. Tuttle returned from Gentry county, Mo., this noon, after a seven weeks' absence. He has been engaged in building an extension of the North Missouri railway, but his contract is not yet completed. He left all the Decatur boys in splendid health, and says the weather all along has been delightful and the crops generally look fine.

We had a pleasant call this morning from Hon. John M. Scott, of Bloomington, candidate for supreme judge. He informed us that he has a great many old friends in this vicinity who formerly knew him in his native county, St. Clair. Judge Scott is looking well, and during the time he spent in Decatur met many of our citizens, who will remember him at the polls in June.

Mr. J. F. Payne, of Decatur, Ill., was in the city to-day. He is the agent for that splendid farm implement, Haworth's Check Rower.—*Davenport (Iowa) Democrat.*

We are indebted to Dr. Cass Chenoweth for a late copy of the Yankton (Dakota) *Daily Press and Dakotian.* The issue before us contains the following "personal" concerning a gentleman who practiced medicine at Mt. Zion, in this county, ten or twelve years ago:

Dr. McGlumphey, the newly appointed superintendent of the Dakota hospital for the insane, arrived last night from Nebraska and has entered upon his official duties. The doctor brings experience to the position and high recommendations of ability. He is a pleasant appearing gentleman, and one who gives every outward evidence of competency.

THE WOMAN ORATOR.—Next Monday night, May 12th, Miss Phœbe Couzins, the lady lawyer and distinguished orator of St. Louis, will lecture at the tabernacle, under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. Her subject is mentioned in the following extract from the Milwaukee *Sentinel:*

Although the weather was anything but propitious yesterday afternoon, a large number of people congregated at the Academy of Music to hear Miss Phœbe Couzins' new lecture on "Some Mistakes About Eve." If to have an audience remain quiet, attentive and sympathizing during the delivery of a long lecture, is any indication of the ability, tact and success of a speaker, a personal triumph attained to Miss Couzins. She is certainly a composer worthy to be ranked to the brilliant constellation of genius and talent. * * Miss Couzins' voice is clear and penetrating, without being harsh, her enunciation distinct and at times somewhat rhythmic in its character, while her lecture is well arranged, logical, and, oftentimes eloquent and persuasive. [Here follows over two columns of a synopsis of the lecture.]

THE BANK ROBBERS SAFE IN JAIL.—Provided with the necessary papers from Gov. Cullom, Marshal F. V. Nicholson, of Mt. Pulaski, and Sheriff R. F. Ayers, of Logan county, arrived in St. Louis on Sunday morning to take charge of the Mt. Pulaski bank robbers, Woods and Oliver, captured in a saloon in that city last Thursday night. The prisoners were heavily ironed, each one having his hands manacled and his feet chained together, the left ankle of one shackled to the right ankle of the other. The officers with their prisoners left St. Louis last night, and doubtless "the birds" are now safely lodged in the county jail at Lincoln.

WILL RE OPEN IN OCTOBER.—The Linseed Oil Mill shut down Saturday evening. This flourishing institution will remain closed until October 1st, when it will re-open under the new management, Hatfield, Taylor & Co. These gentlemen are the proprietors of a big grain elevator, which will be disposed of this summer, when they will remove to Decatur with their families.

AT REST.—The funeral of the late Preston J. Murphy took place from his mother's residence on East North street, Sunday afternoon at three o'clock. The sermon was preached by Dr. Goodwin, and was listened to by a large assembly of sympathizing friends. The remains were interred in Greenwood cemetery, and were followed to the grave by a long funeral cortege.

MRS. LOUISA LANDGRAF

Adjudged Insane in the County Court on Yesterday.

From Tuesday's Daily.

Mrs. Louisa Landgraf, aged 36 years, the wife of the minister of the German Lutheran church, was brought before Judge Greer in the county court yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, for the purpose of having the following regularly summoned jury pass upon her alleged insanity: Dr. O. F. Parker, Fred. J. Smith, S. K. Shaffer, Thomas Lord, R. Liddle and J. M. Lowry. The evidence brought to light the fact that her insanity had extended back over a period of seven years; that she was seldom demonstrative; that she was neglectful of her four children; that her memory was gone; and that she was at times wholly neglectful of her household duties. The cause of her insanity was not apparent from the evidence adduced, but it is thought her mind was weakened by child birth.

The jury returned a verdict in effect that to the best of their belief the woman was insane and a fit person to be taken to the state asylum at Jacksonville. Mrs. Landgraf will be removed to that institution as soon as the proper papers are made out.

This is a very sad case, and the clerical husband of the unfortunate woman has the deepest sympathy of his charge and all friends and acquaintances.

H. W. HILL & Co., the hog ring manufacturers, have struck another Leadville. At a great expense they got up a valuable illustrated stock map, entirely original with them, and had it copyrighted.—A few weeks ago the Cincinnati *Enquirer* came out with a four-column article on stock raising, and reproduced Hill & Co.'s map, mistakes and all, without a word of credit, and winds up the article by praising itself for being enabled to furnish its readers so much valuable information.—The publication of this copyrighted map by anybody other than H. W. Hill & Co. is in direct violation of the law, and for each and every paper containing the map issued by the *Enquirer* it may be compelled to pay $1, one-half of which goes into the U. S. treasury, and the other half to Hill & Co. It has been ascertained that the *Enquirer* has a daily issue of 20,000 copies; weekly, 50,000—total, 70,000. Hill & Co. propose to prosecute the publishers to the full extent of the law. If they win, their portion will be not less than $35,000. If properly managed this case will be a big advertisement for the Decatur firm.

THE DECATUR COAL SHAFT.—Frank Frorer, Esq., of the Decatur Coal Co., came over from Lincoln yesterday afternoon on business connected with the mining interest of this city, and left for Springfield this morning to look after the shipping of machinery for commencing operations. We understand that the company expect to get their engine, boiler, and other necessary machinery for shaft constructing purposes in position and ready for work by the 15th inst. The Union Iron Works will perhaps be awarded the contract for building two heavy hoisting engines that will be called into requisition as the shaft approaches completion, and there is little doubt that there will be plenty of heavy work for them and their successors in raising coal and clay, to furnish the present and future generations of Decatur and Macon county people with coal for fuel and clay for brick with which to cover the land with substantial habitations and tile that will eventually make sloughs, flat lands and waste places as kindly to the husbandman as the gentle slopes of our beautifully undulating prairies.

STILL VICTORIOUS.

Many years have passed since Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder was first offered to the public; and its superiority over all Baking Powders for making wholesome, light, sweet bread and biscuits has been established. Still victorious, standing to-day in the estimation of thousands as the only safe and reliable powder.

New Location.—In a few weeks Wm. Hamsher, the manufacturer of the celebrated Hamsher farm and spring wagons, will remove from his present location to the large two-story brick building now being built on Wood street near the American House. The attention of the farmers is especially called to this fact.

The Veto of the Army bill does not affect the price of agricultural implements and farm machinery at V. H. Park's warerooms on North Main street. If anything the prices are lower than ever before. The new stock on hand has been selected with special reference to the demands of the farming community of this particular locality, and the farmers will find it to their interest to give him an early call.

RETAINED.—At a business meeting of the Y. M. C. A., held last evening, I. J. Davis and Samuel M. McBride were elected delegates to the International Convention of Young Men's Christian Associations to be held at Baltimore this week. The term for which I. J. Davis was elected general secretary having expired, it was decided that he should continue to serve the association in that position. Mr. Davis is a valuable man for the important position he occupies, and the association did well to reappoint him.

PRESCOTT'S MUSIC STORE.

A Dazzling Display of Magnificent Instruments at No. 53, Opera Block.

We take great pleasure in informing our hundreds of readers that Mr. C. B. Prescott, whose reputation for fairness, honesty and integrity as a business man has long been established, has permanently located in an elegantly furnished storeroom at No. 53, opera block, where he has a dazzling display of the most superb and popular PIANOS and ORGANS ever placed on sale in this market. Our reporter visited Mr. Prescott's establishment on yesterday afternoon, and saw on exhibition a large number of the following named superior instruments: The popular "Chickering," "Mathushek" and "Decker" pianos, and the famed and favorite Western Cottage and Estey Organs. The pianos are acknowledged by the best judges of music everywhere to be vastly superior in tone, finish and strength, to all other instruments manufactured. They are pianos that will live and improve like the violin, and be handed down from generation to generation, the loved relics of the household, improving in tone, and becoming more and more highly prized with age.

The Western Cottage and Estey Organs stand upon their own intrinsic merits, and have won their own way to the popular heart. They are made as perfect as human ingenuity, care and skill can make them, and sold at the lowest possible prices consistent with a fair and remunerative profit. They must be seen and heard to be properly appreciated, and all our readers who think of purchasing a first-class piano or organ should give Mr. Prescott an early call.

He has the sole agency for the sale of the above instruments in central and southern Illinois. He is widely known throughout this part of the state, and has sold instruments to over 800 people, not one of whom has ever uttered a word of complaint with reference to the article purchased or the terms upon which it was obtained.

In conclusion, Mr. Prescott deals exclusively in pianos, organs, stools and covers, and he respectfully invites the people of this section of the state to favor him at any time with a call, when he will take pleasure in showing his goods and communicating easy terms.

A CHURCH WEDDING.

Mr. Frank C. Myer and Miss Annie M. Rechter Married this Morning.

From Tuesday's Daily.

A social event of more than ordinary interest and importance transpired this morning at St. Patrick's (Catholic) church, being the marriage of MR. FRANK C. MYER and MISS ANNIE M. RECHTER, both of this city.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Mackin, at 8 o'clock, in the presence of a large assembly of friends, the church being nearly filled. The contracting parties were accompanied to the altar by Mr. James H. O'Neil and Miss Ottie Myer, sister of the bridegroom.

The bride and bridesmaid were beautifully attired in linen lawn, princesse style, trimmed in Torchon lace and ribbons.—The bridegroom and groomsman appeared in the customary conventional suits.

A reception was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Myer, on East Prairie street, immediately after the wedding, where a large company of invited guests assembled and tendered their congratulations, and partook of a sumptuous wedding breakfast. The bride was the recipient of a variety of elegant and valuable presents.

This forenoon the REPUBLICAN was remembered with a bountiful supply of delicious and toothsome cake, with a beautiful bouquet of cut flowers nestling jauntily in the centre of the tempting cluster.

For the present the newly married couple will reside with the parents of the bridegroom.

We tender them our warmest congratulations, and hope their future lives will be one of unalloyed happiness—a matrimonial experience that will not require even the brush of the painter to brighten.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post-office, at Decatur, Macon co., Illinois, May 7, 1879.

Boone F W	Madox Mrs Nancy
Bourquin Peter	O'Donnel Hugh
Crask James	Patterson Edward
Collins Mary	Pratt E E
French W W	Parks W W
Gliddon Mr	Smith J D
Grey John	Sowers W B
Hunter John W	Young Charles
Hank Miss Lizzie	

R. P. LYTLE, P. M.

A GOOD ACCOUNT.

"To sum it up, six long years of bed-ridden sickness and suffering, costing $200 per year, total, $1,200—all of which was stopped by three bottles of Hop Bitters, taken by my wife, who has done her own housework for a year since without the loss of a day, and I want everybody to know it for their benefit.—[John Weeks, Butler, N. Y."

To Bee-Keepers.—Root's Smokers, price 75 cents, $1 by mail; Bingham's Smokers, price $1.50; Hives, from 65 cents to $3; comb foundation, from 50 to 55 cents per pound. E. A. GASTMAN.

May 6—d2f wt

CONTINENTAL MONEY.

An Old Leather Pocket-Book Carried Through the Revolutionary War still in Existence—Its Contents.

About a month or six weeks ago Mrs. Elizabeth Ekel, the wife of John Ekel, who died in 1863, passed to the better world at the advanced age of eighty years. For many years she resided about eight miles and a half southeast of Decatur, in Blue Mound township. The first wife of Mr. Michael Elson, of this city, was a daughter of this old lady. Among her effects her administrator, Mr. Noah Jacobs, found an old and well-worn leather pocket-book, containing six pieces of

CONTINENTAL PAPER MONEY;

two Ohio $5 bank bills bearing date 1848 and '51 respectively; and a lot of old copper coin, dated 1814, 1815, 1818 and 1822. Among the coppers is an American half cent piece, about the size of a silver 20 cent piece of to-day, dated 1826.

The Continental money is printed on small pieces of rude bond paper, 3x2¼ inches in size, and are of, the following denominations: One-sixth of a dollar, two-thirds of a dollar, one-third of a dollar, half a dollar and a four shilling piece.

The following is an exact copy of the last-named piece:

"Four shillings, No. 8477. THIS BILL shall pass current for FOUR SHILLINGS according to an act of General Assembly of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, passed the Twentieth day of March, in the year One Thousand Seven Hundred and Seventy-seven. Dated the tenth Day of April, A. D. 1777.

Four shillings. JAS. CANNON, JAS. DAVIDSON."

In one corner is a cut showing a ship at full sail, a rude looking plow, and three sheaves of wheat. On the reverse side are these words: "Four shillings; to counterfeit is DEATH. Philadelphia: printed by John Dunlap, 1777."

The other denominations named resemble each other in shape and form, and were all issued in 1776. The half dollar piece has a cut representing a sun dial, with the sun blazing down upon it. Beneath the dial are the words, "Mind Your Business." On the reverse side are a lot of rings linked together in a circle, representing the thirteen States, and in the centre are the words, "We are one."

But the rarest specimen in the collection is an ancient Spanish silver coin, about the size of an American dollar, much defaced by age, but the date, 1818, is still plainly visible.

The old pocket-book, with its time-worn contents, had been carefully preserved by Mrs. Ekel in her lifetime, and was one of her most valued possessions. She prized the book very highly, and often related its history, which is too lengthy for publication. In brief, the book was the property of her husband's father, who at one time was on General Washington's staff. He carried the book with him through the revolutionary war, and the continental money above described was among its contents when he died.

MARRIED.

At Sullivan, Ill., Tuesday morning, May 6, 1879, at the residence of the bride's brother-in-law, J. C. Moore, Mr. THOS. H. WINGATE, JR., and Miss N. C. ROWE, both of Decatur.

Mr. and Mrs. Wingate arrived in the city at 10:30 to-day, and took possession of their newly furnished home on East North street, where the bride's mother and the bridegroom's relatives dined at noon. "Tom" who is a worthy member of Rescue Hose Co. No. 1, and in the employ of the United States express company, returned to his duties this afternoon just as if nothing had happened. He has a lovely bride and a well furnished house, and we wish him joy unlimited.

This morning Sheriff Forstmyer brought Ned. Roberts and James Curley before Justice Albert, where a charge of vagrancy was preferred against them. They pleaded guilty to the charge, and told a pitiful story of their wretched condition. The inexorable judge fined each $25 and costs, and as they had no money to liquidate the same, the justice ordered that they be taken to the Decatur sand bank and put at work. He also ordered that they be given only bread and water as food for thirty days.

DR. PRICES FLORAL RICHES.

This delightful Cologne water is receiving much attention not only from the ladies and gentlemen of refinement and taste, but from professional men generally. It is so gratefully refreshing to the invalid, its odor is so exquisitely delicate and yet so rich and persistent.

DIED.

At the residence of Dr. A. W. Bunce, at Maroa, last Sunday morning, MRS. ELIZABETH CAFFREY, of Decatur.

The deceased was the wife of Mr. John Caffrey, of this city, and her death was the result of injuries received on the Illinois Central railroad some days ago. The funeral will take place from the Catholic Church on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. Rev. Father Mackin officiating.

To Bee-keepers.—I expect to receive, on Friday or Saturday of this week, a package of Italian queens from Paul L. Viallon, of Louisiana. They are bred from imported mothers, and will be sold for $1 50 each. E. A. GASTMAN.

May 7—d2t wl

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Weekly Republican.

THURSDAY, MAY 8, 1879.

An Allentown, Pa., chap bets $500 that he can eat a thousand pints of peanuts in a thousand hours.

The first railroad company chartered in the state of Illinois was the "Chicago and Vincennes," the charter being approved Jan. 17, 1835. Now there are fifty-one separate railroads in operation in this state.

The $10 refunding certificates are going off "like hot cakes." They are being taken in lots of $100, that being the maximum any one person can get, as fast as the Sub-Treasuries can count them out. They will probably all be taken in this miscellaneous way before the expiration of the sixty days during which they will be open to popular subscription.

The State Auditor of Illinois has issued his insurance report, which shows that companies doing business in this state last year insured property valued at $466,736,603.66. The premiums received by the companies on the risks amounted to $4,571,710.67. Of this amount $1,407,559.46 was paid in losses, leaving considerable more than $3,000,000 for profits and expenses.

Things are getting belligerent at Springfield, too. In the house yesterday Gross of Sangamon called Herrington of Kane "a red-headed liar," and Herrington retorted by calling Gross a scoundrel, etc. What a pity it would be if the dear people were to become convinced that both of these honorable gentlemen had good grounds for their remarks!

We are pleased to observe that Hon. Charles E. Fuller, of Belvidere, is favorably mentioned in connection with the Republican nomination for lieutenant governor. Mr. Fuller is now serving his first term in the senate, and though quite a young man he has taken a place in the front rank. He does not speak often, but when he does he never fails to command general attention. Indeed, he is one of the best speakers in the senate. Whether he receives the nomination or not, he has a bright future before him.

A federal appointment seems to have a peculiar educating influence upon some people. Now there is George Scroggs, who has recently been appointed U. S. Consul at Hamburg. We never knew that he was a German scholar, but when his colleagues in the legislature presented him a pair of wooden shoes, a few days ago, George replied in an eloquent speech—in Deutsch. Was it the appointment that did it, or was it the sight of the wooden shoes? Or can it be possible that George has removed the blue ribbon from his manly breast, and taken to indulging in lager?

The announcement of the death of Horace H. Houghton, at Galena, on the first instant, which we find in the Chicago papers, is worthy of more than passing notice. Mr. Houghton was the oldest editor in the northwest, having begun the publication of the Galena *Advertiser* in 1834. As we write this we have before us a copy of that paper, dated March 3, 1838. It is unique in its make-up, having two pages of six columns each, while the other two pages have but five columns each. It is called the *Northwestern Gazette & Galena Advertiser*, and flies at its head the Whig state ticket, Hon. Cyrus Edwards of Madison for Governor; Col. Wm. H. Davidson of Wabash for Lieutenant Governor, and Maj. John T. Stuart of Sangamon for Congress. Among its latest news is the official report of Col. Zachary Taylor, giving the details of a battle with the Seminoles in Florida.

Mr. Houghton was not only an able and hard-working editor, but a man of high standing politically, socially and every other way. He was appointed by President Grant consul to one of the Sandwich Island ports, but that office having been subsequently abolished, he returned to Galena, and was appointed postmaster of that city. Two years ago Mr. Houghton declined a reappointment, and had, since then, been in feeble health. He was about 70 years of age.

Congressman Goode, of Virginia, mourns. He says the speeches and actions of the republicans in the house almost make him despair of the republic. Brother Goode should take courage; he was just as much discouraged during the war when the republicans shot in the same direction they are now voting. And yet the republic came out all right. Courage, Goode, courage—but don't get in the way and get hurt.

SUDDEN DEATH!

Macon, Ill., April 29, 1879.

Editors Republican:—The election for mayor and city officers passed off quietly yesterday, resulting in an overwhelming defeat of the anti-license, prohibition party. All the powers of the pulpit, the temperance club, and the overshadowing influence of the temperance dramatic club, have been used for the past month, besides regular semi-monthly meetings of the Alliance, to defeat the liberal movement—but all in vain. The voice of the people is the voice of God, and was never more patriotically demonstrated than on yesterday. The people, like a great tidal wave, struck against the rope of sand that has been encircling the town for the past five years, and completely demolished it.

Political temperance is a failure, and must forever be branded as fanaticism. The stronghold of the temperance cause lies in the hearts of the people and their willingness to work for the redemption of our fallen brothers other ways than at the ballot-box. Arbitrary principles of class legislation, derived by local option, have ever been, and ever will be, the curse of every town and city in the state, so far as advancing the true and undivided interests of the people on the temperance cause. Personal and general liberty has been as far below par here for the past few years as were the rights of the old colonists under the tyranny of the mother country, which led such men as James Otis, of Boston, to exclaim in a public speech on the political rights of the colonists, "That arbitrary principles like these cost one king of England his life, another his crown, and a third his most glorious colonies—principles that must not and cannot be extorted from the American colonies."

The reign of terror has been equally great here for five years, and has resulted in an onerous city tax, unequally and illegally divided improvements, trade driven from our city, citizens who did not favor the movement threatened with starvation because they did not participate in the interests of rings, cliques and clans. It is a proud day for Macon. Organizing for the first time under the general law of the state, after having consigned the old charter to the flames, now we may confidently look forward to a return of peace and prosperity as substantial in its effects as that of the general government in having returned to the resumption of specie payments.

The condition of the Salt river craft this morning, under the command of Capt. Steven Lewis, is one that is calculated to call forth universal sympathy. At an informal meeting this morning it has been decided that they are not "able to *sail*," and probably never will be.

Now that the ring is broken up people breathe freer, and the moral and personal interests of the people are greatly improved. Woman's Kingdom of usefulness has been greatly enlarged and their eyes opened to the magnitude of the work that lies before them.—Preachers that denounce everybody can now see that their judgment seat has been removed, and that God rather than man is the judge of the world. Moral and benevolent societies can now go to work and clean up the filth that has so long been a stagnant pool, disseminating its poison until every avenue of society and life has been contaminated. Undertakers can now bury the dead carcass of the defunct political-reform organization, and it is to be truly hoped that this generation will not be again infested by their political presence.—The new board will now go to work with a true spirit of reform and build up our heretofore broken down resources, and make Macon appear what it once was—one of the most beautiful, most business like and desirable towns in the state. We wish the new board great success, for upon it depends our perpetuity as a political organization.

Yours, Quilp, Sen.

EX-GOV. OGLESBY.

A special dispatch from Springfield to the Chicago *Journal* says:

Senator Oglesby, who has not been here since the Senatorial election, has been urged by many of his friends to visit Springfield before the adjournment of the Legislature, and renew his acquaintance with the members. It is understood that he will come, and he will be warmly received. He is talked of by his friends as the next candidate for Governor, but it is doubtful if he will run. If he does it will be his third race for the office. He went direct from the Gubernatorial chair to the United States Senate in 1873, and perhaps he may do so again in place of Judge Davis, whose term will expire in 1882.

Gen. B. F. Butler offers to give twenty thousand acres of good farming lands in Wisconsin to colored refugees, if they will go and live on them, and Colonel Bob Ingersoll offers to devote the proceeds of his new lecture, "The Problem of the Exodus," to paying the way of colored people who desire to settle on Butler's Wisconsin lands. General Butler claims that the negroes will prosper as well in Wisconsin as in Kansas, and cites the prosperity of slaves who escape to Canada as proof. His plan is to divide the Wisconsin lands into small farms, accommodating in this way some four or five hundred families.

There are many good people who think that in place of the word "applause" scattered through Colonel Ingersoll's lectures, there should appear the worlds "cheers from the pit."—*Chicago Journal.*

THE MOULTRIE COUNTY BANK.

We notice from a detailed statement which appears in the Sullivan *Progress* of the 1st, that Dr. Welch, the assignee of X. B. Trower, late president of the Moultrie County Bank, which "went up" in a sensational manner on April 8th, that the total assets of Mr. Trower, the defaulting banker, foot up the modest little sum of $33,610; the total liabilities, so far as known, are $36,274.

In conclusion the *Progress* says.

The above are the simple facts in the matter as given us by the assignee and Mr. W. W. Peckham, former cashier of the bank. This report they have gleaned from the books. There may be other claims proven against the estate, and there also may be other property found. It is thought, and it is named in the assignment papers, that Mr. Trower owned 80 acres of land in Iowa, several lots in Mattoon, a lot or two in Charleston, and one or two in Arcola. If the records show this to be a fact, and no other claims are presented other than what the books show, then the assets will exceed the liabilities. If the examination thus far shows anything, it shows that instead of Trower's drawing anything from the bank, the bank is behind with him over thirteen thousand dollars. This much is well established, that the creditors of the bank will fare much better than any one suspected a week ago. So far as the examination has gone, it would seem that there was no earthly reason why Mr. Trower should flee the town at midnight in so dramatic a manner. If the affairs of the bank are as they seem, Mr. Trower might have remained in Sullivan and weathered the storm. There might, of course, have been a run upon him, and in fact there had been for a week or two, but nothing more than a suspension need have taken place. With a little assistance he could have pulled through.

The Grasshopper Pest.

Nevada newspapers announce that vast numbers of grasshopper eggs are incubating in the Sierra valley. A spadeful is represented to have contained hundreds of thousands of eggs deposited in clusters. The farmers have not turned a furrow this spring, knowing that with these pests in the soil their work would be fruitless of result. Grain crops will only foster the scourge, while to let the ground remain idle may starve the insects into emigrating. Fears are expressed that they may sweep down upon the fertile valleys of California, but whether they can cross mountains of such altitude as the Sierras is doubtful.

"Fol-de-Rol."

Okolona (Miss.) Southern States (Dem.)

Who was it that said the Yankee yellow fever fund had reunited our republic in bonds of brotherly love; that there would be no more hard passages-at-arms between the north and the south; that the lion had laid down with the lamb; and all that kind of fol-de-rol?

A Northern Democrat.

Hartford Courant (Rep.)

Occasionally a northern democrat succeeds in getting an office from the present congress. For instance, John Chamberlain, the notorious blackleg, is appointed keeper of the house restaurant.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* has discovered and interviewed an agent of Tilden traveling in the West. This gentleman believes that Tilden will have more strength in the Democratic convention of 1880 than he had in the convention of 1876. There will be Tilden as well as Thurman delegates from Ohio, and Tilden as well as Hendricks delegates from Indiana. Tilden will receive the nomination for President, and Henry B. Payne, of Cleveland, Ohio, the nomination for Vice President. This, according to Tilden's agent, is the Tilden programme. General Palmer will be held in reserve as alternate.

Gen. Toombs, the Georgia fire-eater, is in favor of carrying pistols. In an interview with the representative of the Atlanta *Constitution* he said: "Everybody is expected to lay aside his pistol, and the first thing you know some d—n coward who regards neither law nor honor will shoot you in the back. It is all wrong, sir! A man ought to carry arms when he thinks his life is in danger. It is not wrong for him to do so, and, so far as I am concerned, I will do it whenever I want to defend myself." This is a frank confession that every man's life is in danger in the South, though it has the unrestricted right of self-government, and that the law is powerless for protection. If white men are not safe without carrying pistols, is it any wonder that the negro, whose life is of no consequence whatever under any circumstances, manifests a desire to exodize to Kansas?

Ladies, Take Notice!—We have just received and placed on sale the largest, best and cheapest stock of Ladies' walking shoes ever offered in this market.—You are respectfully invited to call and examine quality and price.

Feb. 11-d&wtf Barber & Baker.

Merkle Seamless Side-lace Shoes, for Ladies, at Ferriss's. Perfect fitting, no seams, and consequently no ripping—an elegant style, for $2.50.

Feb. 18-d&wtf

Great Bargains in Carpets and Window Shades, at Linn & Scruggs',

Jan 23-d&wtf

Try a sack of Shellabarger's "White Loaf"—new patent process flour.

Dec. 18—d&wtf

Ice Cream, soda water and lemonade at Wood's, 22 Merchant street.

apr30-d2w-w2m.

Ferriss' New Stock of Spring Goods suits everybody in style, quality and price.

April 30—d&wtf

Safe, Permanent and Complete are the cures of intermittent diseases performed by Clifford's Fahnestock. Dumb Chills, Fever and Ague, and all bilious disorders are speedily eradicated from the system. Health and vigor are obtained more rapidly and more permanently by the use of this *great natural antidote* than by any remedy heretofore known.—It disinfects, cleanses and eliminates all malaria. As a Tonic, it acts as an Anti-septic and Blood Purifier, bringing renewed energy and vitality to the body worn down by disease.

J. C. Richardson, Prop'r, St. Louis.
For sale by all druggists.
April 15 d&wlm

To Our Patrons.—Having disposed of our retail department to Messrs. Ashby & Andress, who will hereafter keep a full line of our manufactures, we take pleasure in commending them to the patronage of our citizens, and bespeak for them a liberal share of the same, feeling sure that they will make it to the interest of all purchasers of furniture to call on them before going elsewhere, either at home or abroad. Decatur Furniture Co.

May 2, 1879—d&wlw.

P. T. Locke is at his old tricks again blocking up the sidewalk with his boxes of whistles. Somebody said he had left town or quit the music business, but it turns out to be all a delusion. He is traveling for Kimball's Palace of Music, Chicago, and has his office in the American Express Co.'s building. He has sold ten instruments this month. If folks will buy organs and pianos, they might as well purchase of Locke as any, as he has on hand some beautiful styles of pianos and organs, especially the organ with the chime of bells and book closet. He sold one of these yesterday to Miss Flora Bartholomew. Call and see him.

DIED.

From Saturday's Daily.

On Friday, May 2d, at his late residence, four miles west of Decatur, Mr. James Curry, aged about 40 years.

Deceased leaves a wife and five children. The funeral took place from the residence this afternoon, Rev. N. S. Haynes, of the Christian Church, officiating. The remains were interred in Wykle's cemetery, 3½ miles west of Decatur.

At the residence of his mother, Mrs. S. H. Murphy, No. 32 East North street, on Saturday May 3, 1879, at 8 15 a. m., of consumption, Mr. Preston J. Murphy, in the 31th year of his age.

The deceased was a son-in-law of John N. Fuller, Esq., and had been confined to his bed for six months. He leaves a bereaved mother, a wife and one child, and three sisters and three brothers.

W. F. Busher & Co.'s is the place to get your boots and shoes made to order, at greatly reduced prices—every pair warranted to fit. Boots—Calf, Morocco, Kangaroo and Kid, plain or tongue, hand-sewed, $9.00; pegged, plain box or French toes, $6.00 to $7.00. Shoes—Buckle, Alexis, Congress, and Libby patent, and all the latest styles to suit. The ladies are particularly requested to examine our fine stock of fancy shoes and walking shoes, all kinds, ranging in price from $1 00 to that of the finest kid—button and embossed, latest styles. Novelties—Our basket cloth top, in all colors, and nickel-plated heels.

Feb. 26-d&w3m

Look! Look! Look!!—You can get Newport Ties at Barber & Baker's for $1.00—former price, $1.50

Feb. 11-d&wtf

Shellabarger's Patent Process Flour retains all the nourishment contained in the wheat. None of its virtues are wasted. Try it. [Dec. 18-d&wtf

No Seams in Ferriss's Gold Low Shoes at $1 00 a pair—the Bonanza; consequently no rips and no complaints.

Feb. 29-d&wtf

Kid Gloves in the new spring shades received at Linn & Scruggs'.

d&wtf

One hundred doz. ladies and childrens' hose, at 5 cents a pair, just received by

m19d&wtf Linn & Scruggs.

Fresh from the Loom, an elegant assortment of Brussels carpets that will be in between now and Saturday.

apr17d&wtf Linn & Scruggs.

If you want mill feed, corn or oats, you can be supplied at Shellabarger's.

Dec. 18—d&wtf

An Elegant line of Spring Overcoats at B. Stine's. mar13dtf

Don't purchase a parasol until you have seen the elegant display at the Cheap Store. [30-d&w1w

Mme. Demorest's Reliable Patterns; the instructive "What to Wear," 15 cts., and Portfolios, 15 cents, just received by Linn & Scruggs. [mar15d&wtf

100,000 Bushels of Corn Wanted by Linn & Scruggs, for which they will pay two cents a bushel more than the highest market price in merchandise, at lowest cash prices, the corn to be delivered at D. S. Shellabarger & Co.'s mill.

Jan. 1—d&wtf

Gents' Shawls.—Very cheap, at Linn & Scruggs. dec3d&wtf

THE ADVANTAGE

of trading at the Popular

New York Store

No. 21 Water Street,

IS IMMENSE!

Most important offerings will be displayed to-day, and all this week. Every cash buyer, in justice to himself, should examine our stock as soon as possible, and get posted in regard to these new prices. LAMBERT & CO.,
Popular New York Store.

Mar. 25-d&wtf.

L. L. FERRISS

Will be ready for business in the

NEW STORE!

—ON—

SATURDAY, MAY 10th, 1879.

April 30—d&wtf

HAWORTH'S CHECK ROWER.

Can be Attached to any Corn Planter.

The First and only successful Check Rower ever invented. Ten years of practical use has demonstrated that it is the ONLY CHECK ROWER that can be successfully used on all kinds of ground, and will PLANT FIVE ACRES MORE IN A DAY than any other Check Rower, as the rope or wire does not have to be removed from the machine in planting the entire field.

HAWORTH'S NO. 1 CHECK ROWER.

The Principles involved in the No. 1 Check Rower we have always believed to be BEYOND RIVALRY; and can confidently say, that it is, beyond all question, the FIRST and CHIEF among Check Rowers. The farmer has only to see this Check Rower, as improved, to be convinced of the fact.

HAWORTH'S CENTRE MOVEMENT CHECK ROWER.

The Centre Movement we have GREATLY IMPROVED, removing every objection that has ever been brought against it, it being, as at present constructed, SIMPLE, DURABLE, and EFFECTIVE in every particular.

HAWORTH'S WIRE CHECK ROWER.

Our early experiments with Check Rowers, beginning in 1864, were with wire, dragged over sideways to the machine, and we know the difficulties to contend with in making a satisfactory Check Rower in that way. We know the liability of the wire to catch on obstructions and break; we know the shifting angle of the wire in its passage to the machine and consequent displacement out of check; and we know the difficulty of managing it at the ends, etc., ALL OF WHICH DIFFICULTIES we now can say HAVE BEEN ENTIRELY OVERCOME IN OUR WIRE CHECK ROWER.

The following are some of the POINTS OF ADVANTAGE of the Haworth Wire Check Rower: The wire is as easy to handle as a rope. No kinking or tangling. No side draft—it requires but about 5 lbs. tension. No double around arrangement at the ends, like staking down a horse power, but a SIMPLE PIN IS USED. Does not require a DOUBLE STROKE to make ONE DROP. Does not have to overcome the resistance of a STEEL SPRING in addition to removing the SEED SLIDES—making it liable to misdrop. No STEEL SPRINGS to break or lose their tension. Can be UNCOUPLED AT EACH KNOT, and taken off or added on for point rows. Is turned at the ends without taking off the wire. No DRAGGING OVER CLODS or OBSTRUCTIONS, thereby avoiding a great strain on the wire. No OBSTRUCTIONS affect the wire, for it is kept straight by the machine. No breaking or locking of the swivel coupling possible. No team able to drive straight enough to make corn rows, can fail to do good work, as there is no double traveling anchor arrangement to square and range at the ends. We use nothing but the BEST ANNEALED BESSEMER STEEL WIRE, manufactured expressly for the Check Rower. UNEQUALED DURABILITY GUARANTEED.

SELF-ADJUSTING PULLEY AND ROPE GUIDE.

All our Check Rowers are now provided with SELF-ADJUSTING PULLEYS and ROPE GUIDES, which enable the operator to plant the entire field without removing the rope or wire from the machine, and to readily turn around without getting off of the planter—they being so arranged that the pulley conforms to every angle of the rope, preventing all chafing and rolling on the flanges, and untwisting. In fact, IT OVERCOMES EVERY DIFFICULTY that we have had to contend with in the use of a rope. They can be used on the old style Check Rower. Manufactured by

HAWORTH & SONS, Decatur, Ill.

March 12—d2t w2m

AFTER 40 YEARS

Of steadily increasing popularity, it may be justly claimed that *Procter & Gamble's Extra Olive Soap* deserves its well-earned reputation for PURE QUALITY and HONEST WEIGHT. *Procter & Gamble's* long experience since 1837, and close attention to its manufacture, combined with careful selection of materials used, insures to housekeepers an *effective, durable and economical* Soap for laundry and general household use. It is cut in one-pound bars, of convenient shape, and each bar wrapped in red paper. Both wrapper and Soap bear the name of *PROCTER & GAMBLE—EXTRA OLIVE*. It is sold everywhere, at the price of ordinary soap. A trial is respectfully solicited.

Sold in Decatur by CLOSE & GRISWOLD.

DR. PRICE'S

Eminent Chemists and Physicians certify that these goods are free from adulteration, richer, more effective, produce better results than any others, and that they use them in their own families.

DR. PRICE'S UNIQUE PERFUMES are the Gems of all Odors.
TOOTHINE. An agreeable, healthful Liquid Dentifrice.
LEMON SUGAR. A substitute for Lemons.
EXTRACT JAMAICA GINGER. From the pure.

STEELE & PRICE'S LUPULIN YEAST GEMS.
The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.

STEELE & PRICE, Manfrs., Chicago, St. Louis & Cincinnati.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

MONEY

AT

8 PER CENT.

ON

Improved Farms,

Interest Payable Once a Year

W. A. BARNES,

17 East Main St.,

DECATUR, ILL.

J. MILLIKIN & CO.

BANKERS

DEACTUR, ILLINOIS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED,

LOANS NEGOTIATED.

ETC.

Drafts For Sale on all the Principal Cities, and on England, Ireland, Germany, Etc., Etc.

Revenue Stamps for sale in quantities to suit. Banking Hours 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

ANDREW KEPLER

Manufactures the

Best Brands of Cigars

And buys exclusively from first hands, thereby securing the lowest prices. Sole Agent for

WILSON, SORG & CO.'S PLUG,

And all the Leading Brands of

FINE CUT!

—Try the—

"DRUM MAJOR"

The Best Navy Plug in America, made expressly for me. It will go farther by 25 per cent, and is unequalled in flavor. I can always offer special inducements to chewers in the way of samples and job lots, which will be sold very cheap. A splendid line of

PIPES AND SMOKER'S GOODS.

Give Me a Call.

My ten years of experience in Decatur enables me to offer inducements second to no other house in the country.

Southeast Corner of Old Square,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Nov. 15, 1877. w1f A. KEPLER.

F. M. YOUNG. S. P. YOUNG

YOUNG BROTHERS,

—THE—

CASH GROCERS!

Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Fruits, &c.—Complete Stock of Everything.

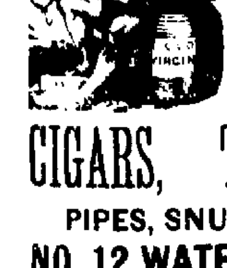
And Goods are bought in the East from first hands, which enables us to have them fresh and sell them cheap.

CALL AND SEE US, AT NEWELL & HAMMER'S OLD STAND,

NO. 11 WATER STREET,

DECATUR ILLINOIS

JOS. MICHL,



WHOLESALE

AND

RETAIL

DEALER IN

CIGARS, TOBACCO,

PIPES, SNUFF, ETC.,

NO. 12 WATER STREET,

DECATUR. ILLINOIS.

Manufacturer of the

El Boquet,' "Belle of the West,"

"NILSSON" and "SELECT"

Brands of Cigars.

Having an experience of Thirty Years in the Cigar Business, retailers will find it to their interest to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. Jan18'79wtf

WE LOAN GOLD!

Commissions Reduced

MONEY AT 8 PER CENT.

On Good Farms.

No Fees Unless the Loan is made.

COMMISSIONS 3 PER CENT

We can arrange to divide the loan into bonds of different dates of maturity.

From two to five Years

No Bond Less than $500.

CREA & EWING,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Over Ferriss' Shoe Store.

Decatur, Nov. 1, 1877-w1y

KEYSTONE

MARBLE WORKS

W. H. GRINDOL,

Dealer in all kinds of

American and Italian

MARBLE!

finished up by the very best of skilled workmen, in the Latest and Best Style; also,

Imported Scotch and American Granite,

which will be sold at very low prices. Call and examine his stock, designs and prices before purchasing elsewhere. HE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

SHOP:

IN THE OLD MASONIC BUILDING,

NORTHWEST CORNER CITY PARK,

March 6, 1879 w1y Decatur, Ills.

HOWARD

Insurance Company,

OF NEW YORK.

CHARTERED 1825.

SAMUEL T. SKIDMORE, President

HENRY A. OAKLEY, Vice President.

Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire

FOR POLICIES APPLY TO

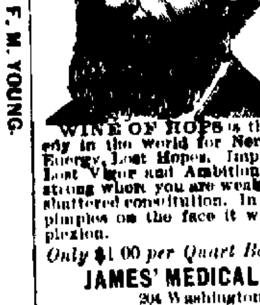
JESSE LEFORCEE, Agent, Decatur.

JAME'S

WINE

OF

HOPS



RELIEVES

Sour Stomach, acts promptly and like a charm upon the Liver, Kidneys and Urinary Organs, the seat of all Diseases.

WINE OF HOPS is the best known remedy in the world for Nervous Debility, Lost Energy, Lost Hopes, Imprudence of Youth, Lost Vigor and Ambition. It will make you strong when you are weak, and build up your shattered constitution. In those afflicted with pimples on the face it will restore the complexion.

Only $1 00 per Quart Bottle, or six for $5.

JAMES' MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

204 Washington St., CHICAGO, ILL.

On ladies afflicted with painful menstruation or irregularities it acts like a charm.

☞ If not for sale by your druggist, it will be sent by express, prepaid, on receipt of price.

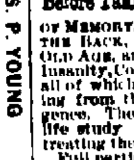
DR. JAMES will give his opinion in all critical cases free of charge. Call at office or write. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays 10 to 12.

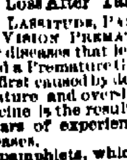
A book for the million, on Lost Manhood,—Who should Marry, Why Not: 10 cts., to pay postage. apr17w1y

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY!

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE

TRADE MARK. TRADE MARK.





Is especially recommended as an unfailing cure for SEMINAL WEAKNESS, SPERMATORRHEA, IMPOTENCY and all diseases that follow as a sequence of Self Abuse; as Loss

Before Taking After Taking.

OF MEMORY, UNIVERSAL LASSITUDE, PAIN IN THE BACK, DIMNESS OF VISION PREMATURE OLD AGE, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity, Consumption and a Premature Grave, all of which as a rule are first caused by deviating from the path of nature and over-indulgence. The Specific Medicine is the result of a life study and many years of experience in treating these special diseases.

Full particulars in our pamphlets, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all Druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,

No. 10 Mechanic's Block, Detroit, Mich.

☞ Sold in Decatur, Illinois, at DR. A. J. STONER'S Drug Store, and by druggists everywhere

VAN SCHAACK, STEVENSON & CO., CHICAGO, WHOLESALE AGENTS.

July 4, 1878—d&w1y

NEW

Furniture Store!

P. B. PROVOST,

Late of the Decatur Furniture Company has opened a

New and Second-Hand

Furniture Store,

First Door North of the Opera House Entrance, Water Street,

where he will be pleased to see all his old friends and as many new ones as will favor him with a call

Repair Work a Specialty

☞ Straw and Husks furnished for beds on short notice.

April 21—d&w1mo

FOR 1879

Are without question the Finest and Best Cooking Stoves in the world.

EVERY ONE of the 141 SIZES

IS SOLD WITH A

WRITTEN GUARANTEE

To have ALL OF IT in point of

FINISH. BEAUTY. ECONOMY. DURABILITY & CONVENIENCE.

The only Cooking Stoves in the world made with genuine

CAST-STEEL LININGS.

Retail from $20 to $65. Full Trimmed

Avoid being deceived by imitations of trade mark, and by representations of parties who are trying to sell some inferior stove. Examine well the genuine Favorite Stoves before buying any other.

Sold in Decatur by

DENNIS & REA,

South side of the city park.

Feb. 13, 1879-weow6t

NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO.,

Battle Creek, Mich.

ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE

"VIBRATOR"

THRESHING MACHINERY.

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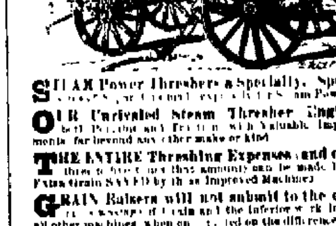

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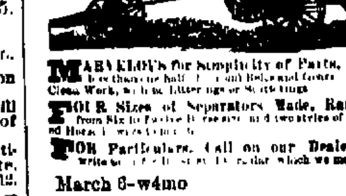

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March 6-w4mo

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Dr. Bohannan's "Vegetable Curative" is warranted to permanently cure all forms of Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness, General Debility, Impotency, etc., and restore "Lost Power" and brings back the "Youthful Vigor" of those who have destroyed it by sexual excesses or evil practices, in from two to seven weeks' time. This remedy, which has been used by Dr. Bohannan in his private practice for over thirty years, was never known to fail in curing even the WORST CASES. It gives vitality and imparts energy with wonderful effect to those middle aged men who feel a weakness beyond their years. Its invigorating properties are felt at once. Young men suffering from the consequences of that dreadfully destructive habit of Self-Abuse can use this medicine with the assurance of a speedy and PERMANENT cure. The patient gains strength and elasticity of spirits at once, as it acts directly on the parts affected as a soothing and healing tonic and anodyne to the relaxed seminal vessels and irritated ducts, imparting power and tone and restoring them to their natural state, the same as if the baneful habit had never been indulged in. The ingredients are simple productions of nature—barks, roots, herbs etc., and are a specific for the above diseases.

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MARRIAGE SECRETS

A Book of nearly 300 pages, numerous engravings, reveals secrets which the married and those contemplating marriage should know. How to cure diseases. Hundreds of recipes. Sent under seal for 50 cents (money or postage stamps). Address Dr. C. A. BOHANNAN, 621 North Fifth Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Jan 18, 1879-d&w1y

GRANT AND TILDEN.

Presidential Preferences of the Legislators.

Correspondence of the Chicago Journal

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 30.—Public attention having already been directed to the Presidential election in 1880 in a manner which appears to show that the campaign is likely to begin a year earlier than usual, and that the candidates are to be selected before the platforms are even talked of, your correspondent has taken the pains to ascertain the opinions of the leading members of both houses in the General Assembly touching their personal preferences and their ideas of party expediency.

REPUBLICANS.

Mr. Churchill, of Edwards—I think our choice for President in 1880 will depend upon the Democratic party, and that they will make it necessary for us to nominate General Grant.

Mr. Pearson, of Madison—I am for Grant or anybody else whose nomination is necessary to insure success in 1880.

Mr. Crooker, of La Salle—I am not for Grant. I think we can do better.

Mr. Gross, of Sangamon—I was a Liberal Republican in 1872, and I was not pleased with the methods adopted by the Republican party then and afterward, and I see no reason to think they would be changed if General Grant was elected.

Mr. Scroggs, of Champaign—I am for Grant by all means. We have nobody else who will enforce the laws half as well.

Senator Demont, of Lee—I am for any good man, but not Grant. I am opposed to third terms on principle.

Mr. Matthews, of Pike—I am decidely not for the nomination of General Grant, for I think that if the Democrats nominate any decent man, he can beat him; but I shall support him if he is nominated.

Senator Parkinson, of Madison—I have not fully made up my mind, but I would very much prefer somebody else than Grant. I do not think he should be nominated unless as a matter of expediency.

Mr. Tyler, DeWitt—I have not thought much about it, but with my present feeling Grant is my first choice Blaine has talked too much.

Mr. Shaw, of Carroll (Speaker of the last House)—I prefer Blaine to Conkling, but will cheerfully support Grant, who appears to be the coming man, though I don't much like the idea of a third term.

Mr. Mitchell, of McLean—Grant is the best as well as the most available man. The Brigadiers in Congress are making it necessary to elect him.

General Thomas, of Cook—Grant is the only man we can think of nominating. No other man will bring us half as much strength.

Mr. Cockle, of Peoria—Blaine is my first choice, but I am in favor of Grant. I think he is the choice of the party at large. He certainly is the choice of the people of my district.

Mr. Holden, of Vermilion—At the present outlook I am for Grant as the best man for the party and the country.

Senator Whiting, of Bureau—I think it is altogether too soon to express an opinion about the Presidential election in 1880. Things are shaping themselves very rapidly in Congress just now.

Mr. McFie, of Randolph—The political situation appears to me exactly like the situation in 1861. The speeches in Congress are the same. I am for Grant as the best man for President in 1880. I think the national crisis demands him

Mr. Wright, of Boone—I am strong for Grant, because I think he is the best man, as well as the most popular.

Mr. Lovell, of Kane—I am emphatically not for Grant. I don't think the Republican party should elect a military man again.

Mr. James, of Lake (the Speaker)—I don't see that there is anything to be done but nominate General Grant.

DEMOCRATS.

Mr. Snyder, of Cass—I am decidedly in favor of Tilden and Hendricks, because I believe that with them we can carry Ohio, New York and New Jersey. It is very plain to me that Thurman is not the man.

Mr. McKinley, of Edgar—I think it is too early to say what is best.

Mr. Rogers, of McLean—Of all the men who have been named for President in 1880, I much prefer Mr. Thurman. He is a Western man, and his financial views are most satisfactory to me.

Mr. English, of Jersey—I am for Tilden and Hendricks straight.

Mr. Ficklin, of Coles—I am for Tilden and Hendricks, because I think that is the only ticket with which we can win. My personal preferences are different.

Mr. Truesdell, of Lee—I have thought that Mr. Thurman would be a very suitable man. I should like to see Horatio Seymour President. I think he was very badly treated in 1868 by being nominated when there was no chance at all

Mr Wentworth, of Cook—I don't know that I have any choice between Thurman, Hendricks and Tilden. We must nominate some man who can carry New York any way.

Mr. Milcham, of Adams—I am for the old ticket. It is necessary that we should carry New York and Ohio or Indiana, and we are not sure of doing that with anybody but Tilden and Hendricks.

Senator Lee, of Peoria—I voted for Hendricks at the St. Louis convention and still think I was right. I much prefer a Western man, but think that Tilden is the choice of the party.

Mr. Fosbender, of Marshall—I am not really a Tilden man. I don't think he showed the proper degree of courage in 1876 to entitle him to the support of the Democratic party. Of all the men named I would prefer Hendricks.

Mr. Durfee, of Macon—I was a Liberal Republican in 1872, and am here as a Democrat. I much prefer Bayard as the Democratic candidate in 1880, but Thurman would suit me, or Palmer.

Senator Jones, of Douglas—Thurman is my choice. Bayard is a good man, but we want a Western man.

Senator McDowell, of White—I much prefer Hendricks at the head of the ticket, but I suppose the old ticket will be nominated again. I wish we could have a Western man.

Senator Kelley, of Adams—Judge Thurman is my choice against anybody in the Democratic party. I am opposed to Tilden.

Senator Cheany, of Saline—I am for the old ticket. I would rather see Mr. Tilden Precident than any man in America. He has a peculiar talent as an executive officer, which enables him to execute reforms.

Senator Neece, of McDonough—My own choice is for Thurman or Hendricks. If I should choose for expediency, it might be different.

Senator Hanna, of Wayne—Put me down for Tilden and Hendricks. They can carry New York and Indiana, and with sixteen Southern states—they will elect them.

Senator Mayfield, of Logan—I am not for Tilden. If we nominate him we shall be forced into a defensive attitude at the very beginning of the campaign. Besides, I don't like the idea of submitting to the dictation of New York.

Senator Southworth, of Montgomery—I am inclined to favor Tilden, but have not fully made up mp mind. I think it is too early yet.

A TERSE STATEMENT OF THE SITUATION.

Philadelphia Press (Rep.)

It was hoped that the surrender at Appomattox closed the era of civil strife and that the Union was consolidated by the blood shed in its defense. The gage of battle was accepted by the champions of union and disunion. Having been settled in favor of the former, the rules of honorable warfare required that it should be submitted to. This is not the case. The contest is continued as if it were yet an open question. The secession doctrines which led to the rebellion are reiterated, the exploded theories of nullification are revived, and thinly-disguised rebellion is again preached in congress. The south comes rampant into that body; it demands special recognition; it refuses to identify itself with the general national sentiment; its patriotism is local and selfish. We have yet to fight for nationality and union. Nothing is safe—neither union nor public and private interests—as long as the democratic party has a majority in congress. There is no hope for peace and permanent prosperity until it is crushed with a Waterloo defeat.

"THE TRUEST PATRIOTS."

Detroit Post (Rep.)

In the course of the debate in congress, on Saturday, Gen. Chalmers, confederate (and democrat of course), said: "During the war the truest patriots and friends of the country were the northern democrats." It is natural that the confederate who represents in the house the usufruct of the Fort Pillow massacre should entertain such opinions. These "truest patriots" mourned *his* defeats while all loyal men rejoiced, and they gloried in *his* victories while all the rest of the northern land was shrouded in mourning. In so far as they could, they gave aid and comfort to Gen Chalmers and his fellows in rebellion; and he would be a dog indeed if he spewed on them now. If Gen. Chalmers was merely a mouthing imbecile, his declarations would be unworthy of notice. But he is a man of force and influence, representing southern opinions; and from this utterance of his the country can understand the southern idea of patriotism, which is this: "He is the truest patriot who gives the greatest amount of aid to treason." In this sense the northern democrats indeed were "during the war the truest patriots."

THE New Orleans *Times* fears that there was more significance in the refusal of the Louisiana Constitutional Convention to take an oath to support the Constitution of the United States than appears upon the face of the fact. The *Times* argues that the decision is against procedent, and that it shows the prevalence among the delegates of erroneous notions about the nature and authority of constitutional conventions. The majority in the convention appear to have considered that they are not officers, or representatives, or delegates, but the sovereign people themselves, and in this thought, the *Times* declares, lurks the dangerous error involved in "the unwise action certain to be misconstrued by the enemies of the South." But the *Times* is not an enemy of the South, and when it sees danger in the act, those who have more reason for distrust may, with propriety, point to the act as an indicator of popular sentiment in the Democratic party.

AN emigrant to Kansas writes to the Cincinnati *Gazette* that the land is taken up so rapidly there, a man can hardly have time to write to his friends telling them they can get a location within some miles of him, ere the chance is gone.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy, for the speedy and permanent cure for consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send, free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, with full directions for preparing and using, in German, French, or English.—Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. W. Sherar, 149 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y. Apr10ww

JUDGE FICKLIN.

Among the numerous candidates for the circuit bench in the fourth judicial circuit, we notice the name of the honorable O. B. Ficklin, of Coles county, the veteran jurist, whom many of our citizens here would rejoice to see elevated to the judgeship of the fourth judicial circuit. By a practice in our courts here extending through a quarter of a century, Mr. Ficklin, by his purity of character, integrity and rare legal ability, has endeared himself to our people, and, perhaps, no one man in central or southern Illinois would they sooner see honored with a position commensurate with his abilities than O. B. Ficklin. The office of circuit judge he is peculiarly fitted to fill, being possessed of mind of fine discriminating powers, and an experience that places him hand in glove with all the intricacies of our statutes. Nor can it be urged in opposition of his claims that his age superannuates him, for his record as a member of the lower house of the General Assembly this session shows him to be yet possessed of more energy and activity than the whole bevy of younger members. In open session and at committee work O. B. Ficklin has been one of the most unintermittent prosecutors of public business, and it will be but a just recognition of his eminent abilities and services for the fourth circuit to place him on the judicial bench. We shall be pleased to hear of Mr. Ficklin's success in the race, and at this juncture cheerfully bear testimony to the high appreciation in which he is held in a county beyond the borders of his district.—*Effingham Democrat*.

Are they After the Army?

Senators Conkling, Logan, and other Republicans have intimated in their speeches in the Senate, that the clause which Democrats have inserted in the army appropriation bill, prohibiting promotions in the army, means that the Southern Democrats, having captured both Houses of Congress, means, next, should a Democratic President be elected next year, to capture the army, by securing the restoration to the ranks those officers who at the beginning of the war resigned their positions to go into the rebellion. The men, as Senator Conkling expressed it, "who having been educated by the government, and presented with a sword by the government, drew that sword against her." There is now a statute prohibiting the appointment to the army of any man who fought against the Union. Several bills have been introduced to repeal this statute, and when the army bill was under consideration in the House, Randolph Tucker, of Virginia, offered an amendment repealing it, which was decided out of order by Springer, who was in the chair. If this law was repealed a Democratic President could appoint Jefferson Davis, who was educated at West Point, as a general in the army. We have been accustomed to hear a great deal about "securing the results of the war," but it is becoming very doubtful what those "results" amounted to.

Unfulfilled Expectations.

From the Indianapolis Journal

Since the war the representation of the southern states in Congress has been increased by counting the colored population in full, instead of on a three-fifths ratio, as formerly. This change was made on the expectation that the negro would be allowed to vote freely, which he has not been. The result is that the southern whites have greatly more than their share of representation in congress. Louisiana and Mississippi have each six representatives in congress. One-half of this number is given to them on account of the negro population; but as the colored and republican vote has been excluded from the polls, it follows that these two states have double the representation in proportion to votes that any northern state has. If the colored exodus from these states continues, the next census may show such a reduction of population as will cause a reduction of representatives in congress..

A Wonderful Discovery.

For the speedy cure of Consumption and all diseases that lead to it, such as stubborn coughs, neglected colds, bronchitis, hay fever, asthma, pain in the side and chest, dry hacking cough, tickling in the throat, hoarseness, sore throat, and all chronic and lingering diseases of the throat and lungs, DR KING'S NEW DISCOVERY has no equal and has established for itself a world-wide reputation. Many leading physicians recommend and use it in their practice. The formula from which it is prepared is highly recommended by all medical journals. The clergy and the press have complimented it in the most glowing terms. Go to your druggist and get a trial bottle *free of cost* or a regular size for $1 00. For sale by Hubbard & Swearingen, Decatur, Ill. 5

OVER $4,000,000 worth of the 4 per cent. refunding certificates have been sold since they have been put on the market.

ARTILLERY salutes were fired by Republicans, yesterday, in honor of the veto, in Chicago, Milwaukee, Cleveland, Toledo, and probably in other places, for the joy was general.

For choice New York Buckwheat Flour go to SHELLABARGER'S.

Dec 18-d&wtf

See those new spring styles Ladies Shoes and Slippers, at Ferriss' Shoe Store.

Jan. 23-d&wtf

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Weekly Republican.

THURSDAY, MAY 8, 1879.

"THE boneless democracy" is the name it goes by in Washington since the back down.

A MEMBER of the Illinois Legislature announces that there won't be an extra session beginning on the 1st of next January, because this session won't adjourn before that time.

THE Toulon *Herald* calls Hon. B. K. Durfee, of this city, "the wittiest man in the House," and for proof of the statement prints that gentleman's speech on the militia bill, in which he took occasion to sit down on Mr. Harts, the gentleman from Logan.

SPEAKER RANDALL is to go to California after the adjournment of Congress, to take part in the campaign in that state, and to help Dennis Kearney and his hoodlums in their warfare against the heathen Chinee. As a first class demagogue Sam Randall has few equals and no superiors.

GEN. Ben Harrison of Indiana, is in Washington, and gives a very rose-colored view of political affairs in that State. He says the Democrats in Indiana are sadly demoralized, and the Republicans in good trim; that the latter are for Grant first, and after him for any straight-forward and pronounced Republican, and that there is but little doubt that Indiana will be found on the roll of Republican States in 1880.

TO-DAY we publish another communication from Macon, in reply to "Quilp, Sr.," and this morning's mail brought two more epistles of the same nature. Nothing would give us more pleasure than to give every one of our correspondents a passport to fame by publishing their several articles, but as there are so many other questions of interest before the general public we are compelled to reserve a small portion of our space for the current news of the day.

LET Virginia look to her laurels; Illinois has stepped to the front with a whole armfull of presidential timber. There's our suave and oleaginous senator—he of soothing syrup fame—and that ex-senator, who will go down in history as the liveliest foot-shaker at the quadroon ball, and the ex-governor who volunteered to prosecute the friends that tried to murder Eliza Pinkston, and the Springfield general whose age nobody knows, but whose saucer has been held out in every presidential shower that has fallen during two generations at least, together with a regiment of dark horses; and, to cap all, a quiet little gentleman from Galena, of whom the late lamented editor of the New York *Tribune* was accustomed to say, "he never has been beaten and never will be"—or words to that effect.

MARRIED.

On Tuesday, May 6th, at the residence of the bride's parents, in Bloomington, by the Rev. J. S. Thompson, Hon. GEORGE SCROGGS, editor of the Champaign *Gazette*, member of the Illinois House of Representatives, U. S. Consul to Hamburg, etc., and NINA S. MONROE, of Bloomington.

'Twas ever thus. Our dearest and best friends persist in getting married without even giving us a hint of their intentions. When we last saw the happy hero of the above episode, some two weeks ago, he invoked our blessing and benediction upon his expected departure for the "scene of his new duties," but never hinted that those duties were to be made lighter by the companionship of one of Illinois' fair daughters. He even took pains to deceive us by bemoaning his solitary condition, and brushed a hypocritical tear from his manly cheek as he feelingly alluded to the marital happiness of others which "could never be his." Ah, George, Joe Bagstock was an infant in slyness compared with your stalwart proportions in that regard. But we'll forgive you this time, and invoke upon you and your better and handsomer half the choicest blessings of heaven. May you both—but pshaw, if we go on we'll "slop over." Be a good boy, and when you get to Hamburg never take more than *twice large* at one inning.

REMEDY FOR HARD TIMES.

Stop spending so much on fine clothes, rich food and style. Buy good, healthy food, cheaper and better clothing; get more real and substantial things of life every way, and especially stop the foolish habit of running after expensive and quack doctors, or using so much of the vile humbug medicine that does you only harm and makes the proprietors rich, but put your trust in the greatest of all simple, pure remedies, Hop Bitters, that cures always at a trifling cost, and you will see better times and good health. Try it once. Read of it in another column.

DECORATION DAY.

The prospects are flattering for a very general observance of Decoration Day this year, and it is to be hoped that the patriotic citizens of Decatur will not be derelict in their duty on this occasion, but that they will be even more demonstrative than usual, since there exists in the public mind in some portions of the country a grave doubt as to whether the wearers of the blue are entitled to any particular honors. Be it our duty to testify anew our appreciation of the services of those gallant patriots, and our undying devotion to the cause for which they cheerfully offered the sacrifice of their lives.

While it should be a pleasure to all good people to thus renew the memories of the past, and pay tribute to the patriotism of our glorious dead, it would seem that the chief duty of preparing and arranging these memorial services should devolve upon those for whom our heroes died. Civilians ought not to wait for the old soldiers to move in the matter, for while the survivors are always ready to do honor to the memory of their dead comrades, they cannot but feel that the great sacrifices of the soldiers—those who returned and those who came not back—should have their chief recognition at the hands of those who stayed at home. Let us not wait, then, for the veterans to act; let the men who remained in their peaceful homes to enjoy the results for which the soldiers fought and fell, let the women who could not fight but who *did* pray and work, let the children whose memories reach not back to those stirring days—in short, let citizens generally begin the work of preparation, and be ready on the 30th of May to pledge renewed fidelity to the patriotic sentiments which animated in life the breasts of the heroes whose graves they decorate.

THE CLINTON MYSTERY.

The Indefatigable and Persevering Spiritualist still Digging for Treasure.

Bloomington Pantagraph.

Four or five months ago an eccentric individual named Moore, from Havana, came to Salt Creek in the vicinity of Clinton, and began digging along the banks of the creek. He frequently changed his place of operations, but finally settled down at a place near the point where the Illinois Central railroad crosses Salt Creek. Here he seemed to be satisfied, and here he works day after day toiling alone.

The man is evidently a monomaniac on the subject of spiritualism, though perfectly rational on all other subjects. A strange delusion has taken possession of his mind. The story he tells to the idlers who gather about his camp on Sunday is, that the spirit of an Indian chief who passed into the happy hunting grounds many moons ago, whispered in his ear that $200,000 in English coin and $100,000 in Spanish gold had been brought from the mouth of the Ohio river one hundred years ago, and buried somewhere on Salt Creek by the Indians, who then inhabited these parts. Never had this precious information been imparted to the ear of a white man. Sacredly held in reserve for the advent of Moore upon the earth, he is the chosen medium of the Great Father of Spirits, through which this precious treasure shall be brought forth to the world. Moore's guardian angel has instructed him to build a temple as a thank-offering and memorial on the spot where the bonanza is found, and this injunction he will religiously observe. At times he is assisted by a seeress, who comes up from Havana. The burden of his conversation and his whole life is the supernatural mission entrusted to his hands, and he is completely engrossed by the delusion that has ensnared his brain.

General Convention Y. M. C. A.

All the associations in the United States and Canada are represented in a body which meets in Baltimore, Md., May 21 to 26, and from indications it will be an event of no ordinary interest and benefit. Large numbers of men distinguished in this work, including D. L. Moody, will be there from all parts of the country. Mr. Chas. Fermand of Geneva, Switzerland, representing the associations of the whole world, will be present. An extremely low rate of $21 for a round-trip ticket from St. Louis has been made good for twenty days. These tickets can be had by all who wish to attend the convention, whether delegates or not, upon application to W. Hargrave White, state secretary of the Mo. Y. M. C. A., at the rooms, 704 Olive street.

HARRISON was 67 when he was sworn as president, and died exactly one month after, April 4, 1841. Taylor was 65 when he was sworn as a president, March 4, 1849, and died in fifteen months, July 9, 1850. William R. King was sworn in as vice president March 4, 1853, and died on his own plantation in Alabama in a little more than a month afterward, April 7, 1853.

LADIES, don't fail to see the new side saddles at J. G. Starr & Son's. [m2dtf

ANSWER TO "QUILP, SEN."

MACON, ILL., May 3, 1879.

EDS. REPUBLICAN:—"Quilp, Sen.," in Friday's daily gushes over with matters that are of such a domestic nature they might as well have been kept from the public press, for all the good such stuff will do the public. But for the misrepresentation the article contains, we would not care to notice it. The *overwhelming defeat* of the anti-license ticket consists of the *enormous* majority of *ten* votes. *This is overwhelming.*

Quilp seems to think, now that the license board is in working order, that the milennium has come, when our city will be relieved from onerous taxation, when trade will be brought back, and the reign of terror cease. Let us see how facts prove his statements. The city books show the amount of taxes levied and collected under the *license* administration, in former years, were from 15 to 40 per cent. more than under the anti-license administration. In addition to this, from three to six hundred dollars was collected from license, and the revenue paid into the city treasury under the license administration was 100 per cent. greater than under the anti-license administration. Now let us see how it was expended. The license board passed an ordinance compelling every property-holder to build sidewalks in front of his property, on such streets as they decided sidewalks should be constructed on; and with but one or two exceptions this ordinance was complied with, and in the exceptional cases the city constructed the sidewalk and assessed the expense of this improvement against the property as *back taxes*. The owner refused to pay, and it hung over the property for several years, and after he disposed of the property the purchaser was compelled to redeem in order to remove the cloud in the title to his property. The only improvement made by the board out of this comparatively large revenue was the construction of a few street crossings; the balance of the funds went toward liquidating the salaries the conscientious board voted to themselves.

Five years ago an anti-license board was elected, since which time not one cent has been paid in salaries for mayor or aldermen, and the other officers got only what they earned in the office; and all the sidewalks and crossings, and all other improvements have been made by the city—and that, too, with a much less tax than under the license rule, to say nothing of the revenue derived from granting license. Macon has been as quiet and orderly as any place of its size in the state, and no terror has existed except the terror that exists in the minds of all violators of law, as it is doubtless true some liquors have been brought in and sold in violation of the United States and state laws, and in violation of city ordinances; and if terror existed at all these violators brought it on themselves. In a financial view Macon stands well for the crisis through which we have passed. None of our business men have failed or compromised with their creditors, and we certainly are getting our share of trade. We are getting grain from farmers west of Blue Mound—and, in fact, some of the grain dealers at that enterprising place thought seriously of hauling the grain out of their elevators over to Macon and selling it to our dealers. Domestic pride alone prevented them from doing it. We also controlled the grain business beyond the Decatur, Sullivan and Mattoon R. R. on the east, and in some instances our customers came from five to seven miles southeast of Moawaqua, and we even met Decatur half way. So much for the *stagnant business* in Macon.

Now, the "true inwardness" of the defeat of the anti-license ticket may be attributed to too much confidence on the part of the temperance party, and a species of bull-dozing that would have been a credit to the democracy or white-liners of the south on the part of the opposition. The temperance party put up notices of a convention to nominate candidates for city offices, and invited all who voted the temperance ticket to attend. The license party resolved to burst up the convention, and each one of the faithful was informed of what was about to take place, and each one was pledged to secrecy. The convention met, and on counting noses it was found that about five out of every six was in full bloom—and every vote that was taken verified this fact. The convention was under the complete control of the license party, and was ended in confusion and no nominations made. The excuse offered by the license party for interfering with the convention was that it was understood that but one ticket was to be put in the field, and that being the case they wished to see that none but good men were nominated. In talking over the disgraceful scene at the convention, and believing the representatives of the license party honest in their statement, the temperance party proposed to get up a joint ticket. Another convention was called, and while a few of the license men met in joint convention to nominate a joint ticket, the greater part of them met in a separate convention and nominated an opposition ticket, which some of the candidates christened *Prohibition Ticket*, and proposed to prohibit liquors being disposed of in any manner, or for any purpose, by druggists or any other persons, if it could be enforced by law; if not, then compel druggists to take out license, the same as any dram-shop. Of course this was a thin proceeding, but it worked on some who have been disgusted with trying to stop the sale of liquor by refusing to grant license, and then have it dealt out by druggists in any manner to suit those desiring it. Yet it was understood thoroughly among the faithful that the "Prohibition Ticket" was the one they must look to for comfort, and for fear some might be deceived they headed the ticket "Liberal," which meant license in its fullest sense to some, to some beer license only, and to others true blue prohibition—each way was used where it would do the most good. And by this system of misrepresentation and bull-dozing they elected part of the ticket by the *overwhelming* majority of ten votes.

Yes, I think the "good old days" will return, when the council will again have to go through the laborious task of voting themselves salaries, and improvements will stop for want of funds. Their labor will only be greater, as the salary for six aldermen will have to be voted on now instead of four, as in former years.

Quilp speaks so encouragingly of morality again taking her sway under the benign influence of the license system, that we are led to believe he intends to import a new kind of whisky or invent a new code of morals that will find congenial company in the bar-room.

* *

ANOTHER REPLY.

MACON, ILL., May 5, 1879.

EDITORS REPUBLICAN:—I noticed in your paper of last week an article entitled "Sudden Death!" signed by one "Quilp." Now, it is unnecessary for any reply to such balderdash, so far as the people are concerned here in our own town and vicinity; but knowing that your paper is circulating all over the country, for the benefit of other places we ask for a small space in your paper—not for the purpose of confuting the idea advanced that God is on side of saloons and whisky (such ideas in this land of bibles need no reply), but to refer to one or two other points in his wild fancies.

Not knowing who your correspondent "Quilp" is, yet we are inclined to believe that in his hasty rejoicing he has either wilfully or ignorantly, in several instances, basely misrepresented the true issues in our town election. He says the anti-license party were badly beaten in straight-out contest with the license party. If that was what he calls straight, God help the crooked! The truth is, there was no straight fight between license and anti-license, and both parties went into caucus together and pledged their candidates not to license saloons, and to throw whisky entirely out of our drug stores—thus banishing it from our town. Some who were not nominated, or for some other reason, went into another caucus, and another ticket was put in the field; but I deny that there was a license ticket out. There was not one word uttered in favor of license, in the presence of temperance men at any rate, from the time this liberal ticket was made until after the ballots were counted out; all we heard was pledge after pledge from candidates and others that there should be no saloons, and that the drug stores should not sell if possible to prevent it. That was the platform upon which they were elected. Now, then, if these men, whom Quilp is pleased to term license men, can be wheedled into granting license to saloons the honor—if there is any—will be theirs.

The majority of the people living in Macon and vicinity are free and liberty-loving people; but "Quilp" has been oppressed, his liberty restricted. Yes, there are plenty of men in our jails who feel themselves oppressed. There are plenty of men in this world—and "Quilp" may be one of them—who would be oppressed if they were in heaven, because we never heard of a saloon, or a drug store, either, being there. "Quilp" may be one of those unfortunate men whose character is such that possibly he would not be happy if there were two saloons in our town, for it is currently reported that we have men even in our town who have come to that point where they cannot get liquor at even what is termed a respectable saloon.—Perhaps the drug stores have refused his prescription, and thought that his medical advisers were mistaken in his case and that he did not need whisky, and therefore turned him away empty.

If the new board-elect will carry out what they proposed on election day, we, the temperance people, will not feel sorry that our men simply were beaten, and not our principles, and will say "Amen"; but if they should take the advice of such men as "Quilp" and license saloons and drug stores, too, then they may have cause to think that "Quilp" preached our funeral entirely too soon. Yours,

A CITIZEN.

Resolutions of Respect and Sympathy.

WHEREAS, God, in his infinite wisdom, goodness and mercy, has seen fit to remove by death from our school and society on earth to a home in heaven, our esteemed and beloved Sabbath school sister, LAURA A. KNIPPLE, on the 29th day of April, 1879, in the 21st year of her age.

Resolved, That while we bow in humble submission to the will of our Father who doeth all things well, we desire to express our feelings of deep sorrow and affliction in the loss of one whom we loved and cherished.

Resolved, That the parents and family of the deceased have our heartfelt sympathies in this their sad hour of bereavement.

Resolved, That copies of these resolutions be furnished for publication to the "Religious Telescope," to the Decatur papers, and to the family.

Signed Wheatland Sabbath School, U. B. Church.

May 4, 1879.

J. G. STARR & SON have a full line of cheap buggy harness, of their own make. Their prices are extremely low [m2dtf.

DRY GOODS!

Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Mattings

—AND—

CARPETS, For the Million!

2000 PIECES RIBBONS, from 2 to 4 inches wide, from 8½ to 15 cts. a yard, worth three times as much, and is doubtless the last great Job in Ribbons that will ever be offered in this market.
1000 PIECES HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES 25 per cent. below the price of importers.
100 DOZEN ALL LINEN NAPKINS at 65 cts. a dozen; very cheap.
100 DOZ. ALL-LINEN NAPKINS at 90 cts. less than jobbers' price.
100 DOZ. ALL LINEN NAPKINS, fast edges, at $1.20 per dozen; great bargains.
100 DOZ. LADIES' PRINTED HANDKERCHIEFS at 10 cents; worth 25 cts.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

CRASHES, TOWELINGS & TABLE LINENS.

4000 YARDS BEAUTIFUL DRESS GINGHAMS.
20,000 YARDS HANDSOME PRINTS at 5 cts.

HOSIERY, GLOVES AND CORSETS

IN GREAT VARIETY AND VERY CHEAP.

3000 YARDS DEER ISLAND JEANS at 30 cts.; worth 50c.
LADIES' SUITS, DOLMAN'S CLOAKS and SHAWLS, in all the novelties, and very cheap.
DRESS TRIMMINGS, BUTTONS, LACES, VEILINGS and RUCHINGS, below the market price.
BLACK and COLORED DRESS and TRIMMING SILKS retailed at wholesale prices.
BLACK CASHMERES retailed at Jobbers' prices.
PARASOLS and SUN UMBRELLAS in every style and price.

Dress Goods,

In Exquisite Styles, and at Lower Prices than were ever known.
2000 YARDS HEAVY COTTONADE at 18c, worth 25 cts.
FINE and HEAVY BROWN MUSLINS at 6¼ cts.
SHIRTINGS, CHEVIOTS, TICKINGS, GRAIN BAGS, CARPET WARPS, GINGHAMS, DENIMS and OIL CLOTHS, at the very Lowest Prices.

If you wish to save money, never buy your Dry Goods and Carpets until you examine Goods and prices at the Popular House of

Linn & Scruggs

against which no house that has ever come to Decatur has been able to compete. apr8-d&wtf

New Spring Stock

—OF—

BOOTS & SHOES

I AM NOW RECEIVING

New, Fresh Goods FOR THE Spring Trade,

And am prepared for Business.

April 23, 1879–d&wly **G. F. WESSELS.**

FURNITURE!

Having completed moving and arranging our stock, we are now prepared to offer to the citizens of Decatur and Macon county, the

Largest, Finest and Best Selected Stock

—OF—

FURNITURE!

EVER OFFERED IN THIS COUNTY.

Give us a call; we are here to please and sell, and are bound to do it.
Don't forget our trade mark, the ELEPHANT.

April 24–d1m&wly **ASHBY & ANDRESS.**

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

B. STINE,

The "Boss Clothier,"

Is again in the field for this Spring and Summer Season with an

IMMENSE STOCK OF

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING

For Men's, Youth's, Boys' and Children's Wear,

At Prices to Defy Any and All Competition.

If you don't believe our statement, convince yourself by looking through the stock of our competitors, learn their prices, get yourself well posted, and then please drop in to see us, and our well-made, good-fitting garments and low prices will be argument enough to induce you to give us the preference.

AN ELEGANT LINE OF

WHITE & COLORED

SHIRTS

From 75 Cts. up.

200 PAIRS

—OF—

JEANS PANTS!

From $1.00 up to the Finest Humboldt, at $2.00.

ll-Wool FineScotch

Cassimere Suits!

At $10.00.

☞ Give us a call and we will give you value received.

YOURS TRULY,

B. STINE

The Boss Clothier.

April 1- wtf

THEODORE A. GEHRMANN

—WILL SELL YOU—

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS AND MILLINERY,

—AT—

Astonishing Low Prices.

The Store is full of all the Latest Novelties.

—o—

Call at once and secure some

RARE BARGAINS,

ONLY TO BE HAD AT—

THEODORE A. GEHRMANN'S.

April 18—d&w3mo

SPRING OF 1879.

—o—

I. W. EHRMAN,

THE OLDEST CLOTHIER IN DECATUR,

HAS NOW IN STOCK A SUPERB INVOICE OF

SPRING GOODS!

INCLUDING EVERY CLASS OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

HATS, CAPS,

And the Nobbiest Neckties Ever Seen in Decatur.

—o—

IN THE

MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT!

My stock includes the Latest Styles of Piece Goods, in CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, and other SPRING GOODS, which will be made to order by an experienced cutter, and

PERFECT FITS GUARANTEED.

Come and see my Goods and prices.
April 3—d&w3m

I. W. EHRMAN.

A PUZZLE.

"Papa, what made you go to war?"
 Said Jennie, climbing from a chair
Upon my lap; "what did you for?"
 And then she hugged me like a bear.
"Cause if you hadn't gone, you see,
You'd have two legs to center me."

"Why, child, I went because"—and then
 I stopped to think. Of course I know;
I'd often told her brother Ben
 When the recital thrilled me through.
And still she urged, "What did you for?
 Papa, what made you go to war?"

I looked abroad. The blacks were free
 But voiceless, voteless, filled with woe,
Slaves of their masters seemed to be
 As much as twenty years ago.
She said, "And what did uncle Dorr
 Get killed in front of Richmond for?"

A rifle club went wheeling by;
 I saw the murdered Chisholm's ghost;
I heard that Hamburg martyr's cry—
 The rebel yell—the vaunting boast;
I saw the wounds of patriot dead;
 "What made you go?" my Jennie said.

"My Dear," I said—but nothing more
 For glancing through the senate walls,
The rebel generals had the floor,
 And ruled the nation's council halls.
"Papa," she urged, "why did you go?"
 "My child," I said, "I do not know."
 —*New York Tribune.*

WON'T EAT "DIRT-PIE."

Meridan (Miss.) Mercury (Dem.)

Like Lord Byron, Brother Harper, of the Okolona *States*, waked up one morning and "found himself famous." His paper is talked of all over the Union. It has been Fryed in congress, quoted and repudiated by politicians, roasted and parboiled, broiled, stowed, hashed, and rehashed by the radical newspapers. Brother Harper "talked out in meeting"—bluntly called a spade a spade, and thereby offended the tribe of weathercock politicians and the radical "bloody-shirters." We believe in freedom of opinion to the fullest extent, and are opposed to crucifying any one for expressing his opinion on any subject. A blunt candor is preferable to a studied hypocrisy. The *Mercury* has often been under fire for frankly expressing its opinions, and is not going to join in the hue-and-cry against the *States*. Eating dirt-pies does us no manner of good, even in the north. The radicals think no good thing can come out of the south, and are quite sure to condemn us any way, as the wolf did the lamb in the fable whom he had predestinated to make a breakfast upon. Do what we may, say what we may, the viperous radicals of the "stalwart" breed are sure to condemn us. It is a waste of time to endeavor to please such jaundiced fellows, especially by eating great chunks of dirt-pie on the eve of every presidential election. We snap our fingers at the radicals, and wish most heartily they were at the devil politically. We don't love the radicals, and we do not want to see them in power; but we shall not take another dose of Secession. No—a burned child dreads the fire.

IOWA CROPS.

KELLOGG, IA., May 5, 1879.

EDITORS REPUBLICAN:—I took a run to-day of 140 miles, from Davenport here, over the C., R. I. & P. R. R., and saw about this: Oats up nice; spring wheat nearly covers the ground; about one-half the corn planted, and balance of ground ready. But to-day being very cool no one was planting. Pastures are very fine, and with the help of a copious shower on last Saturday the prospect seems to be as good as anyone can wish. PAYNE.

HOW WATCHES ARE MADE.

It will be apparent to any one, who will examine a SOLID GOLD WATCH, that aside from the necessary thickness for engraving and polishing, a large proportion of the precious metal used, is needed only to stiffen and hold the engraved portions in place, and supply the necessary solidity and strength. The surplus gold is actually needless so far as UTILITY and beauty are concerned. In JAMES BOSS' PATENT GOLD WATCH CASES, this WASTE of precious metal is overcome, and the SAME SOLIDITY AND STRENGTH produced at from one-third to one half of the usual cost of solid cases. This process is of the most simple nature, as follows: a plate of nickle composition metal, specially adapted to the purpose, has two plates of SOLID GOLD soldered one or each side. The three are then passed between polished steel rollers, and the result is a strip of heavily plated composition, from which the cases, backs, centres, bezels, &c., are cut and shaped by suitable dies and formers. The gold in these cases is sufficiently thick to admit of all kinds of chasing, engraving and enameling; the engraved cases have been carried until worn perfectly smooth by time and use without removing the gold. They are for sale by all jewelers, and each case is warranted by SPECIAL CERTIFICATE. If your jeweler does not keep them, send to HAGSTOZ & THORPE, Sixth and Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia, for Illustrated catalogue.

May 8, 1879-w1y

THE STRAWBERRY CROP.

The following letter relative to the fruit crop is from W. W. Jones, the gentleman who last year supplied this market with the largest, finest and most luscious strawberries ever placed on sale in this city:

CAMARGO, ILL., May 3, 1879.

MR. E. W. WOOD, Decatur, Ill.:

Dear Sir—Yours at hand. The prospect for a fruit crop is good, with a little exception. On the morning of May 1st we had quite a frost, which cut the strawberry crop one-fourth short, but did not injure anything else. If the season is all right from this time on, will have quite a quantity of strawberries. The blackberry crop will be a failure; raspberries will be only moderate; cherries bid fair to make a good crop; peaches and pears promise well; grapes all right yet, and apples look splendid. If health and weather permit, I will commence Monday, May 5th, to set a new patch or field of strawberries of five acres, which will be in splendid condition for next year. As the season advances I will write you and let you know about handling my fruit. I do hope the prices will be such as to pay the producer and yet be in reach of all.

All Grades Harness at J. G. Starr & Son's—their own make. [may3dtf

NASBY ON THE ARMY BILL.

From the Toledo Blade,

CONFEDRIT X ROADS,
(Wich is in the State uv Kentucky),
April 29, 1879.

The Corners hez more enterprise than eny other pint in the Confedracy. We are very prompt to act in political matters, for ez we never plant or reap we hev plenty uv time to devote to the kentry.

The moment the army bill wuz passed, we met to organise. We don't propose to let grass grow under our feet. The only cloud that hez hung over the Corners for all the dreary years sence the war is the fear of Fedral interference. We wuz actilly afeerd uv that, and conskently sum 300 niggers hev bin allowed to vote here, wich they hev done reglerly, and, wo is us! they hev votid the Radikel ticket with a regelarity that is friteful.

They will do so no more. Now that the bayonits uv Fedrel minyuns cannot be yoosed to pertect em, we shel run things in our own way. We shel exercise our rites ez freemen, and shel not permit a inferior race to overawe us and pervent that free expression uv opinyun at the poles that is the birthright uv every Suthern citizen.

We met and organized to-wunst. The follerin resolooshens wuz passed;

WAREAS, The exercise uv the ballot by ignerent niggers uv Afrikin descent—

Deekin Pogram askt whether all niggers wuzn't uv Afrikin descent?

Joe Bigler, wich wuz present, sed ef any one wood take an inventory uv the niggers in the Corners, he wood diskiver that a great many uv em cood clame to belong to the fust families uv Kentucky, on one side, at leest. But I went camly on—

is unconstitooshnel, and agin the interest uv the rooliu Cawcashun race, unless the sed niggers will consent to vote ez the sooperior race dictates; and,

WHEREAS, The only thing that can give em the ballot is the overshaddorin influence of Federel bayonets; and,

WHEREAS, A Dimocratic Congris hez made it impossible for Fedrel bayonits to interfere to preserve wat they call the peece, releevin us of that incubus,

Resolved, That the Corners do to wunst organize itself, to the end uv perservin the purity uv the ballot-box by excloodin all citizens uv Afrikin descent, which don't vote with the Dimocratic party.

Resolved, To the end uv perservin the peece, every nigger that comes with a Republikin ticket to the poles, shel be allowed jist one minit to change his ticket to a straite Dimocratic one, and ef he persists in his nefarious designs, his hed shel be immejitly blowed off, in the interest uv peece and quiet.

Resolved, That the formashen uv a speshl poleece, armed with double-barrelled shotguns, to prevent the polushen uv the ballot-box by nigger votin, shal be entrustid to Issaker Gavitt, Esq.

Issaker went at it, and he hed his club enrolled to-wunst. He hez a hundred men, all uv em with shot-guns, wich will patrol the country on next eleeshun day, and any nigger that hez not a proper tikkit will either change it or be to-wunst killed. Deekin Pogram contribbitid two pounds uv powder, and the rest uv the citizens showed ekal zeal and liberality.

I can't be too happy over this bill. It gives us our rites agin. Ez citizens we kin arm ourselves and attend the poles and kill ez many Radikels, black and white, ez we choose, but ther can't be no armed possee cum aganst us to pervent it. Ef we could hev dictatid to Congris wot they shood hev passed they coodent hev sooted us better. Ther is now a law agin the Government barin arms at the poles, but ther ain't no law whatever agin our doin it. We've got em, halleloojy! Ef Hayes don't veto it, we are in jist the posishen we want. Ef he does veto it, the cuss uv evry troo Southern wich rallied under the stars and bars will foller him thro this world and the next.

Ef the frodulent President Hayes don't veto this bill, the kentry may look for an increest Dimekratic majority from this deestrik, unless these unreasonable niggers all manage to get out to Kansas. In that event we shel be ez we wood hev been, only of they go in consekence uv wat they foolishly call bein deprived uv their rites, the sooperior race will be starved out in conskence of hevin no labor, and we may hev to emigrate also. But we hope for the best. Issaker says that with his shot-gun brigade he thinks he can compel em all to stay, ez he perposes to patrol the river banks, and turn all uv em back who want to git away, and forse em to resoom labor on sich terms ez we shel dictate.

Ther ain't nothin like organizashen. By organizashen we compel the niggers to stay with us, and also pervent em from votin. Ther is everything in system. The Corners is jubilant. This army bill solves the problem uv the age, and we are happy. We hev the nigger by the wool, jest ez we yoost to hev him and everything is serene.

PETROLEUM V. NASBY,
Waitin and Hopin.

SENATOR Garland made a speech the other day in the senate of the United States on the constitutional power to pass a bill to prevent the introduction of contagious diseases; and, in the course of his remarks, said that it would take the south twenty years to fully recover from the yellow-fever epidemic of last year. It will take the south fifty years to recover from the effects of the late war, twenty years to get over yellow-fever, and thirty years to cure the effects of the colored exodus.

HIGH RECOMMENDATION.

Gentlemen: This is to certify that I have examined, analyzed and tested your Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts, and find the same strong, fine, made of good material, and well put up in bottles of full measure. Your fruit coloring is free from any deleterious substance. Therefore I gladly commend the above named products of yours for family use.

Respectfully,
PROF. M. DELAFONTAINE.

Immense Rush!

EVERYBODY ASTONISHED

At the EXTREMELY LOW PRICES at which Goods are selling at the

CHEAP STORE!

18 Merchant Street.

—o—

BEHOLD THE ARRAY.

Six Cakes Toilet Soap	10c	Suspenders	10c
Twelve Dozen Shirt Buttons	5c	Neck Ruchings	1c
Corsets	20c	Children's Round Combs	5c
White Shirts	45c	One Dozen Lead Pencils	10c
Four-Ply Linen Collars	10c	24 Sheets Paper and 25 Envelopes	10c
Table Oil Cloth, per yard	20c	Pins per paper	3c
Basting Thread	1c	Ladies' Linen Hankerchiefs, 4 for	25c
Double Heel Socks	5c	Ladies' Hose	5c
Two Dozen Linen Shoe Laces	5c	Dressing Combs	5c
Paper Collars, per box	7c	Laundry Soap, per bar	3c
Two-Button Kid Gloves	40c	Lace, per yard	2c
Six Handkerchiefs	25c	Tidy Cotton	3c
Gros Grain Ribbon, per yard	5c	Lisle Thread Gloves	10c
Ladies' Linen Collars	5c	Umbrellas	50c
Napkins, per doz.	50c	Mottoes	3c
Crash, " yard	5c	Card Board per sheet	5c
Towels	5c		

As also a full and complete line of Hosiery, Buttons, Embroideries, Laces, Veilings, Silk and Lace Ties, Silk and Cotton Floss, Zephyrs, Ribbons, Ruchings, Gloves, Corsets, Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing and Fancy Goods in general, equally low in price. Give us a call.

CHEAP STORE,

18 Merchant Street, Decatur, Ill.

April 11—d&w3mos

HAYS & BARTHOLOMEW.

O, no! we haven't got any new handsome goods at all! O no, I guess not! Come and see our old stock.

HAYS & BARTHOLOMEW.

April 22-d&wtf

THE BEST IN THE WORLD SOLD BY ALL DEALERS

WHITE SEWING MACHINE

$1500.00 CASH TO AGENTS

SO SIMPLE A CHILD CAN USE IT. WARRANTED FOR 3 YEARS

BEWARE OF BOGUS DEALERS AND DEFACED NUMBERS
NOTICE OUR GENUINE NUMBER ON SHUTTLE RACE-PLATE.

FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS:
WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO. CLEVELAND, OHIO.

J. J. PEDDECORD. L. BURROWS. WM. M. BOYD.

—o—

BANKING HOUSE

—OF—

PEDDECORD, BURROWS & CO.

JANUARY 1, 1879.

—o—

—WE HAVE—

MONEY TO LOAN

IN VARIOUS SUMS ON THE

Most Favorable Terms,

Secured by Mortgage on Real Estate.

We keep a supply of

GOVERNMENT BONDS!

On hand at all times, which we will sell at the

LOWEST MARKET RATES.

☞ A general Banking Business transacted, *but no interest paid on deposits.*
Jan. 7—d&w3mos

M. A. MYER. F. C. MYER.

MYER & SON,

HOUSE AND SIGN

PAINTERS!

SPECIALTIES:

Decorating, Graining, Gilding, Frescoing and Tinting.

SHOP—North Side of the City Park, over meat market, Decatur, Illinois.
March 20—d&wtf

KEELER'S

NEW

HAT STORE!

20

EAST MAIN STREET,

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

NEW GOODS

LOWER PRICES ON

HATS!

—AND—

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

CALL AND SEE ME.

S. T. KEELER.

April 3—w3mos

SURE REMEDY FOR BALDNESS. Prescription Free to any person who will agree to pay $1 when a new growth of Hair, Whiskers or Mustaches is actually produced. SANDERSON & CO., 2 Clinton Place, New York. Nov1ew3w

MEN ... YEARLY ... CONTRACT

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

P. PERL,

[SUCCESSOR TO LAUX BROS.]

UNDERTAKER!

AND DEALER IN

COFFINS

Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets.

His stock is complete in every particular

Hearse Furnished to Order.

All Calls Promptly Attended to.

COUNTRY FUNERALS

Will Receive Special Attention.

SOUTH MAIN STREET,

2 Doors South St. Nicholas Hotel,

June 6 - w4mos DECATUR, ILL.

REMOVED!

J. FOLEY,

—THE—

TAILOR!

Has Removed his Establishment from East Main to the

Cor. of Prairie and Water Sts.,

and has just received a select stock of

Spring and Summer Goods,

which he will make up in First-Class Style, and at prices to DEFY COMPETITION

Cleaning and Repairing

promptly attended to.

CUTTING A SPECIALTY.

☞ Give him a call. ap10d&w3mo

E. S. AUNGST & CO.

UNDERTAKERS

And Dealers in all kinds of

COFFINS,

Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets.

Southwest Corner Old Square

DECATUR, ILLS.

Residence, No. 18 West William street. June 4 d&wtf

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored!

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical cure (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by indulgence or sexual extravagance, etc.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife, pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

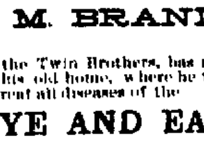
☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps.

Address the Publishers,

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO., 41 Ann St., New York. P. O. Box 4586.

DECATUR EYE INFIRMARY



DR. M. BRANDOM

One of the Twin Brothers, has returned to Decatur, his old home, where he will be prepared to treat all diseases of the

EYE AND EAR.

Office over Dr. Stoner's drug store. Feb. 21, 1879—d1mo w3mo

ST. NICHOLAS

LIVERY, FEED

AND SALE STABLE.

FIFST CLASS OUTFITS.

Jul17-wtf N. LAUX & BRO

Ayer's Cathartic P…

For all the purposes of a Family Physic, and for curing Costiveness, … Indigestion, Foul Stomach, Breath, Headache, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Biliousness, Dropsy, Tumors, Worms, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, for Purifying the Blood.

… are the … active and … purgative … discovered. They are mild, but effectual in their operation, moving the bowels … and without pain. Although gentle … their operation, they are still the most thorough and searching cathartic medicine that can be employed, cleansing the stomach and bowels, and even the blood. In small doses of one pill a day they stimulate the digestive … and promote vigorous health.

AYER'S PILLS have been known for more than a quarter of a century, and have obtained a world-wide reputation for their virtues. They correct diseased action in the several assimilative organs of the body, and are so composed that obstructions within their range can rarely withstand or evade them. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of everybody, but also formidable and dangerous diseases that have baffled the best of human skill. While they produce powerful effects, they are, at the same time, the safest and best physic for children. By their aperient action they gripe much less than the common purgatives, and never give pain when the bowels are not inflamed. They reach the vital fountains of the blood and strengthen the system by freeing it from the elements of weakness.

Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates, containing neither calomel nor any deleterious drug, these Pills may be taken with safety by anybody. The sugar-coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take; while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

LUMBER YARD

—AND—

PLANING MILL!

THE undersigned have opened a Lumber Yard on the premises formerly occupied by Elwood & Co., where they will always have on hand a complete stock of

LUMBER,

SHINGLES, LATH,

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, PICKETS, MOULDINGS, ETC.,

Which will be sold at the Lowest Cash Prices.

The Planing Mill will be under the control of ALCOTT & SON, who are prepared to do every description of mill work promptly and at reasonable prices. All orders received by us will receive prompt attention.

April 8 d1m w3mo **MILLS & HARRY.**

CLOSING OUT!

Having concluded to make a change in my business, I have determined to

CLOSE OUT

My Large and Well Selected Stock of

STOVES

—AND—

HARDWARE!

—AT—

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Call Soon and Secure Bargains.

All persons indebted to me will please call and settle and save cost.

R. C. CROCKER,

No. 9 Water Street.

Nov. 27, 1878—d&wtf

CLIFFORD'S FEBRIFUGE

OR

FEVER AND AGUE CURE.

ERADICATES ALL MALARIAL DISEASES from the SYSTEM.

J. C. RICHARDSON, Prop.,

☞ For Sale by All Druggists. ST. LOUIS.

NEBRASKA AHEAD. The B. & M. R. R. Co. in Nebraska has for sale, in the Eastern part of the State of Nebraska, 1,200,000 Acres of Land, which is offered on Ten Years Credit, at the low rate of Six per Cent Int. Send to Land Commissioner, B. & M. R. R., Burlington, Iowa, for a PAMPHLET FREE

H. H. BROWN, Agent,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Nov. 21, 1878—w1yr

A BIT OF GOSSIP.

I've just come from Mrs. Brady's,
 Who urged me to stay to tea,
"For I've got a wonderful story
 You really must hear," says she.
And with that the strings of my bunnit
 I soon began to untie;
"I'm glad you came in to-day," says she;
 But I mustn't stay late," says I.

"You remember Mary McGinnis,
 And the airs she put on," says she,
"For the matter of that, no lady
 More stuck up with pride could be;
And I thought she would come to sorrow
 With holding her head so high,
And not a cent in her pocket," says she;
 "To be sure she would!" says I.

"They came from Ballyshoughgannon,"
 Says Mrs. Brady, says she,
And it ain't for the likes of them to look
 With scorn on the likes o' me;
For them that has lain on feathers
 May be glad on straw to lie,
And luck don't last in this world," says she;
 "Indeed an' it don't!" says I.

"There's Terence," says Mrs. Brady,
 As she stirred her cup of tea,
"There isn't a better-looking boy
 Or a dacenter one," says she
"And that he loved Mary McGinnis
 I'm not the one to deny,
She was none too good for him," says she;
 "Of course she wasn't!" says I.

"It took me so of a sudden,"
 Says Mrs. Brady, says she,
"I couldn't think it was true at all,
 But Mrs. O'Shaughnessy
Had seen it herself in the papers,
 So you know it could be no lie;
And Mary McGinnis—oh, don't she strut!"
 "More shame to her then!" says I.

"An' must you go, Mrs. Doolan?"
 Says Mrs. Brady to me,
As I drew my chair from the table,
 After drinking six cups of tea;
"I haven't told you the story,"
 Says she: "now do sit by,
For I know you're dying to hear it;"
 "But it's getting late," says I.

"And," says I, "the rest of the story
 It isn't worth while to repeat,
And I wonder Mary McGinnis
 Can show her face in the street!
And," says I, "it is well that Terence
 Conducted himself so shy,
He might have had to share the disgrace
 Of the shameless hussy!" says I.

"What's that?" says she, in a minute,
 Says Mrs. Brady, says she,
"The wicked thing that you're hinting at
 Is wonderful news to me!"
Says I, "You told it to me yourself!"
 "I didn't," says she in reply;
"Well, you'd better tell it over again,"
 Says I, "Mrs. Brady," says I.

"So I will," says she, in a hurry,
 "For I see it is getting late:
I told you Mary McGinnis
 Had heired such a big estate,
That none in Ballyshoughgannon
 Could carry their heads so high,
And Terence is broken-hearted!"
 "I shouldn't wonder!" says I.

A Gentle Rebuke.

A Flushing, N. Y. Democratic paper reads the following fire lecture to the "Fire Eaters" of the Democratic party in the South, which seems surcharged with wholesome suggestions and truths:

There are ten thousands of Democrats here, who, before they will submit to any bullying spirit on the part of the South, would cut party ties and vote for any man whose "strong government" ideas would be practically carried out, and such a man in the White House would not be healthy for that unfortunate section, even with a Democratic majority in both branches of Congress. Let the Northern Democracy be told many more times that "it is an unmixed curse to the South" and in an unguarded hour it might so far forget its patriotism as to join hands with the Republican members of Congress and make those words too true."

Heavy Artillery.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

Mr. Krupp has just prepared the greatest of his steel rifled guns. It is a breech-loader, cannot be fired until the wedge that closes the breech is in place, burns 400 pounds of powder at a charge, and throws a shell weighing 1,600 pounds. The velocity of the shell as it leaves the gun is 1,640 feet per second. It is believed the projectile may be thrown fifteen miles, but practice ground of that extent is not available. This is the very latest in the line of the modern improvements of artillery. The Martini-Henry rifle, in use in the English army in Afghanistan, has been found effective at 2,100 yards. This is more than has been claimed by the inventors. The use of these weapons will render the handling of field-pieces in action a very lively occupation, and make cavalry serviceable only in scouting and dress-parade.

Ham & Black are agents for the celebrated steam and horse power Threshers, both Vibrator and Apron, made by Garr, Scott & Co., of Richmond, Ind. Also agents for the McCormick Reaper and Self-Binder and the Champion Reaper and Mower. Call and get a Star or Vandiver Corn Planter, with Haworth's Check Rower, the best Check Rower made.
April 10-wtf

Farmers, look to your interest, and patronize the old established grocery house of H. B. Lewis, 41 opera block, Decatur Best groceries sold as low as the lowest, and goods given in exchange for country produce. Jan9,'79-w6m

Minettes, 75 cents per dozen; photos, $1.00 per dozen; gems and larger work in proportion, at R. H. Pirku's Photo and Gem Parlors, Water street, over National Bank ap13d1w w1m*

DAVIS NURSERIES.

150,000 Apple trees, all sizes; 200,000 Hedge Plants, large size; 50,000 Maples and Evergreens, fine; 10,000 Concord Grapes, strong; 25,000 Peach, Cherry, Pear, small fruits and ornamental shrubs. Prices and catalogues free. ORDER NOW. Can deliver in proper season in Decatur, same day they are dug—"an item."

H. W. DAVIS,
Box 141, Decatur, Ill.

N. B.—High bred fowls and eggs for sale. feb18'77wcowtf.

Library Notice.—The library and reading room will be closed from the 19th to the 31st of May, inclusive, for the regular yearly cleaning, etc. 2taw

When You Buy Homeopathic Medicines be sure you get the regular preparations, such as physicians use. A full line of these on hand from Luyties Homœopathic Pharmacy, St. Louis, Mo. For sale by Hubbard & Swearingen, Decatur, Ills.
apr26—w1y.

OUR SAM.

Peoria Journal.

Sam Etter has been created clerk of Bill Springer's committee in Washington. Never did luck so follow and beseige a man as it has Sam. He was an insurance agent in Bloomington, and in this capacity acquired that training in facial exterior in the manly art of pushing himself forward, that has stood him in such excellent stead in his subsequent career. Just as the insurance business began to be a drug in the market, the Granger party began to thrust up its head and insisted upon making nominations for state offices. It occurred to Sam that it would be a good thing for him to run as their candidate for State Superintendent of Public Instruction. One would have supposed that in their blind rage against a middle man, an insurance agent would have been about the last person they would have selected for any office. In spite of this incongruity Sam was nominated. The democratic convention was held in a few days thereafter, and from being a howling granger one week Sam became a devoted old dyed-in-the-wool democrat the next. To the astonishment of everybody, he was elected, and he took his seat. Although it cannot be said that the holy cause of education received much of an impetus from Sam's efforts, he took mighty good care of his own fortunes. He put in his wife as deputy, his son as janitor, and if he did not provide for his "sisters, his cousins and his aunts," it was because they did not come around. In this peaceful pursuit he managed to absorb and lay by some twelve or fifteen thousand dollars. Then he ran again, but his efforts were principally directed to sending about "pasters" to paste over republican tickets, so that if he did not win he did not lose much. The campaign over, he hied him to Washington, where he convinced the bureau of education that if they expected to get an appropriation from a confederate congress they must have a good old Simon-pure, rock-rooted, granite-buttressed, Bourbon democrat to do well for them. The bureau saw the point. What Washington office-holder, trembling lest his appropriation failed, would not see it? So Sam slipped into a place where he had little to do besides wet stamps and affix them to envelopes, and look wise when the democratic members went out to take a drink. This faithful adherence to his party at last won his recognition, and Sam has been made clerk of a committee. As this place is about equal to that of a congressman's in pay and influence, Sam may be said to be upon the top pinnacle of glory. He doesn't care a red herring what happens to the world now.

Two Theological Stories.

Here are two matters of a theological nature, one from Texas, the other from Ireland, which illustrate phases of belief as to the ultimate destination of the parties to the dialogues. The first is of two Texan rangers who had just helped bury a neighbor, and were talking about religion, and one asked the other how pious he thought it was possible for a man to get in this world, if he was in real earnest.

"Wa'al," said the other reflectively, "I think ef a man gets so't he can swop steers or trade horses without lyin,' 'at he'd better pull out for the better land afore he has a relapse."

The next is of an Irish laborer who was lying in a ditch, very much the worse for liquor. He was encountered by the priest of his parish. Very much shocked, his reverence turned the drunkard over, who muttered: "Where am I?"

"On the road to hell," replied the priest sternly.

"I thought so," said Pat, "when I heard Father Murtagh's voice on the road, too."

Ingenious swindlers have devised a new method of robbing non-newspaper reading farmers. They have been operating in Pennsylvania, but will not be long in finding their way into other sections. There they appear in the guise of poultry speculators. Having made a liberal purchase, the swindler writes out a receipt for the farmer to sign. The point of his pencil invariably breaks off just before the signature is reached, and he produces a fountain-pen from his pocket. The body of the receipt is written in pencil and the farmer's name in ink. When the speculator goes to town he erases all the pencil marks and writes out in ink a promissory note for $100 or $150, and has it discounted by a bank. The unwary farmer has the perplexing alternative of dishonoring his name or of meeting the note.

A Norwich (Conn.) observer of birds publishes some very interesting and novel facts relating to ornithology. He says: "In the crops of three Acadian owls taken here this Winter were field-mice; and in a fine red-tailed hawk, beside an entire rabbit-skin, was a rat which could not have been the brown Norway. In trying to shoot a large hawk he was twice flushed from the body of an owl he was eating. There was not enough of the owl left to determine the species with certainty, but the claw seemed to indicate the short-eared owl. In the hole of an apple tree, where one of the small owls was an occasional tenant, were twice found the feathers of blue jays. This Winter the City Hall bald eagle killed and ate at night a large female barred owl, and soon afterward in like manner made away with another of its companions, a broad-winged hawk. Our birds of prey are of service to us in hunting vermin, and will, on occasion, prey on each other."

SPRING IS AT HAND

—o—

J. R. RACE & CO.

Having received a large and well selected stock of

Boys', Youth's and Children's Suits,

At an UNPRECEDENTEDLY LOW PRICE, are prepared to give extra bargains. We have manufactured a Large Line of MEN'S SUITS, and we sell them at prices that DEFY COMPETITION.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT IS COMPLETE!

Having just received the **Latest Nobby Styles.**

Our Neckwear and Gents' Furnishing Goods Department

Embraces all the Latest Novelties. **Also**

White and Fancy Shirts

IN ENDESS VARIETY.

Our Merchant Tailoring Department!

Continues to be an important factor in our business. We have received a large line of the Latest Styles Suitings, and are prepared to give you a PERFECT FITTING GARMENT at a living price. We are now making

BUSINESS SUITS AT THE LOW PRICE OF $25.00
CASSIMERE PANTS FOR - - - 5.00

And last, but not least, we would call the attention of engineers, firemen, brakemen, etc., to our NOBBY OVERSUITS, at the low price of $1.75.

☞ Examine our stock and prices, and be convinced that we mean what we say.

March 20—d&wtf **J. R. RACE & CO.**

V. H. PARK

AT MURRAY'S OLD STAND,

—SELLS—

Union Corn Planter for -	*$30.00*	*each.*
Brown's Corn Planter, No. 2, for	*37.00*	"
Brown's Stalk Cutter for -	*30.00*	"
Western Moline Cultivator for	*16.00*	"
Corn King Cultivator for -	*16.00*	"
Peru City Cultivator for - -	*16.00*	"
Smith Cultivator for - -	*16.00*	"
Corn King Riding Cultivator for	*20.00*	"

—o—

—Everything in the—

Agricultural Implement Line Down to Bed-Rock

March 20—w3mo

—TO— —BUYERS OF—

Wholesale -AND- **Retail** **Harness** -AND- **Saddlery.**

We are offering for the coming Spring Trade a better class of

HARNESS

Made of Pure Oak Leather,

At Lower Prices (Quality and Style considered) than Ever Before

The attention of parties desiring to purchase good Goods is respectfully invited to our store

J. G. STARR & SON,

Southwest Cor. Old Square, next door to St. Nicholas Hotel, Decatur, Ill

—o—

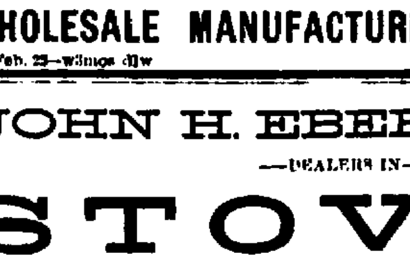
WHOLESALE MANUFACTURERS OF HARNESS.

Feb. 23—w3mos d1w

JOHN H. EBERT & BRO.,

—DEALERS IN—

STOVES,



Tin and Hardware

—AND—

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

We are offering First-Class Cooking Stoves at very low figures.

We also pay special attention to JOB WORK of all kinds, such as Tin and Slate Roofing, and Spouting of every description. We also make a Specialty of

☞ **GAS FITTING,** ☜

And Re pairing of the same.

☞ Call and see us at our place of business,

Opera Block, Water St., Decatur, Ill.

Decatur, June 22, 1878—w1y **JOHN EBERT & BRO.**

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

Decatur Weekly Republican.

VOL. XII. DECATUR, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, MAY 8, 1879. NO. 30

ND
CO.
Suits,
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We have re- ...ared to give ...ow making
$25.00
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Decatur, Ill
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BRO.,
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NISHING
...Class Cooking ...figures.
...tention to JOB ...Tin and Slate ...description.
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...the same.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOSIAH BROWN, M. D.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.
Office, corner East Main and Water streets, ...House Block.
March 20, 1879 d&wtf

WILLIAM T. CUSSINS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
—AND—
Solicitor in Chancery.
Office No. 10 Water street, Decatur, Ill.
Private funds to loan on farm lands.
Feb. 12d&wtf

BUNN & BUNN,
A. Brower Bunn and John B. Bunn.
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law
AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.
Office on East Main street, over J. Millikin ...Co's Bank, Decatur, Ill.
Jan. 15, 1879 d&wtf

JOHN A. BROWN,
Attorney-at-Law,
And Master in Chancery for Macon county, Illinois. Office 22 North Water street, west side of New Square, Decatur, Ill.
Jan. 10, 1879 d&wly

MIRANDA M. SARGENT, M. D.
Office and residence, Central Block, (lower floor) Merchant street, Decatur, Ill.

GEORGE R. SHIRLEY, Blue Mound, Ill.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Prompt attention given to all kinds of collections. Money to loan on real estate.
May 8, 1878 d&wtf

JEAN F. WEBB,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
And Solicitor in Chancery, Decatur, Illinois, office, 21 Water street—Upstairs.
April 4, 1878 d&wtf

JOSIAH M. CLOKEY,
Attorney and Counselor-at-Law,
Office over the Decatur National Bank. Special attention to matters in Probate and Chancery. Decatur, Ill., Apr. 9,'77. d&wly

T. S. HOSKINS,
DENTIST,
Offers his professional services to the people of Decatur and vicinity. Work guaranteed of best quality. Office over Hellman's grocery store, Merchant street, Decatur, Illinois.
May28'78d&wtf

L. A. BUCKINGHAM,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office over Hildebrandt's Drug Store, Decatur, Illinois. April3'79d1

ELDRIDGE & HOSTETLER,
E. R. Eldridge, J. C. Hostetler
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Office over Newell & Hammer's Grocery Store.
Jun6'74dly

P. D. SPARKS, M. D.,
HOMEOPATHIST.
Office at his residence, first door north of Isaac Shellabarger's, on Franklin St., Decatur, Ill. All calls promptly responded to in the city or country, day or night.
Aug. 16, 1878dtf

HARVEY PASCO,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor in Chancery and Notary Public.
Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, Contracts, and all kinds of Legal Instruments carefully written and Acknowledgements taken and Abstracts examined. Attention given to Probate business, War Claims, and all matters arising under the State insolvent law. Collections made in all parts of the United States. Office over Busher's shoe store, East Main street, Decatur, Ill. Office open from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M. Also office at No. 62 West Wood street, open from 8 to 10 P. M. June75d&wtf

B. L. STERRETT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Office southeast corner of the Old Square, in the office formerly occupied by S. G. Malone, Esq., over W. C. Armstrong's Drug Store.
Jun1d&wly

BUNN & PARK,
D. L. Bunn, Edwin Park.
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Office No. 11 East Main street, up stairs, Decatur, Illinois. April7'56dtf

DR. W. C. DAWKINS,
DENTIST.
Chloroform, Ether or Gas given at any time for painless extraction of teeth.
Office over Rucker, Hammer & Co's Bank, Decatur, Illinois Dec26wtf

J. N. RANDALL, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE Northwest corner of North Main and Prairie streets, just west of the Postoffice.
April25, 1878 wtf

CLARK & ARBUCKLE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
And Solicitors in Chancery,
No. 22 North Water Street back room.
Nov. 11 wtf

FRANK W. HAINES,
BILL POSTER, DISTRIBUTOR.
—AND—
AGENT SMITH'S OPERA HOUSE,
may be found on inquiry at the REPUBLICAN Counting Room.

S. J. BUMSTEAD, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
OCULIST AND AURIST
...to Dr. J. W. Routh, Decatur. Office ...Main street, formerly occupied by Dr. Routh. Residence No. 22 West Eldorado street.
...d&wtm

DR. A. S. WALTZ,
DENTIST,
Office over Barber & Co's Shoe Store, East Main street. Residence No. 49 North Main street, Decatur, Illinois. Jun18'73d&m

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL
N. LAUX & BRO., Proprietors.
South side of the Old Square, Decatur, Illinois
March 16,1878—d&w

The Best Out.
PEMBLE & SON'S EXCELSIOR HOG CATCHER AND HOLDER—the best one in the market—for sale by hardware dealers generally, and by CLOSE & GRISWOLD, Decatur, Illinois.
R. PEMBLE & SON,
Sole manufacturers, Cerro Gordo, Ill.
March 6—w&mos*

LOCAL JOTTINGS.

For pure drugs carefully compounded go to Armstrong's.

THE pump handle sees a good deal of the ups and dows of life.

A FAT dog lying on a front stoop is a good boarding house sign.

TRULY a man who minds his own business is a blessing to the community in which he lives.

HEREAFTER the street cars will leave the Priest House every 20 minutes, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

THE high school commencement exercises this year will be held at the tabernacle, on the forenoon of Friday, June 6th.

THE Joliet penitentiary, built to contain 1,000 convicts, has over 1,500, and the Southern penitentiary, built to contain 800 convicts, has 425.

AND now nearly every newspaper in Illinois has commenced printing items about Decatur's new coal mine soon to be opened.

MUSIC hath charms to soothe the savage. This is why we occasionally see a cross dog with a brass band around his neck.

THE picnic season is waltzing to the front once more. This item will serve as a hint to the small and large children to attend Sabbath school more regularly than heretofore.

AN ERROR occurred in our report of the Macon city election, which took place on Monday last. For city treasurer Samuel Johnson (liberal) defeated J. L. Hight instead of W. H. Sowell.

FARIES & OAKES, proprietors of the Decatur Novelty Works, whose business is rapidly increasing, are making another addition to their establishment, on Morgan street.

WE ARE now able to supply the demand for a good, solid, serviceable and neat walking shoe for $1.00. Call and see them, at Barber & Baker's
Feb. 11-dawtf

THE house that is now being erected at Oreana by Dr. Chenoweth is not to be occupied by either of the Drs. Chenoweth of Decatur, who propose to remain here, but by its owner, Dr. Albert Chenoweth, of that village.

THREE-FOURTHS of the successful men of the day owe much of their prosperity to a wife's help. The load of life is so heavy that it takes a team of two to draw it. The ship not only wants a captain but a first mate.

THE HIGHEST market price will be paid for second-hand furniture, stoves, etc. New goods sold at bottom prices. Old Revere House. Ed. Houston, agent.
March 8-d&wtf

WIDGER, improve this golden opportunity. The sixth annual tournament of the Illinois Shooting Association, will take place in Peoria on the 27th of May, and continue until the 30th. Over $2,000 in prizes is offered.

A CORRESPONDENT at Macon gives his views of the recent election in that town, and gives them in very vigorous style, too. He talks, of course, from his standpoint; the other side would probably see things quite differently. But then, folks can't all see alike.

THE farmer, whose land would be worthless if railways did not provide facilities for transporting its products to distant markets; the miner, whose ores and minerals would be practically uselsss if cheap carriage was not provided; and the merchant, whose business is based upon the interchange of the products of communities remote from each other, too often forget that the transporter, who vitalizes all their operations, is quite as worthy of remuneration as themselves.

WHILE seated in the park last evening, probably waiting for "his girl" to come along, a young gent who wears a cut-away coat, was overheard to mutter to himself:

"Once upon an evening dismal, I gave her a kiss, paroxysmal, and called her name baptismal; precious name I loved of yore. Ah! she was a darling creature, pert of speech and fair in feature; but, egad, you couldn't teach her, for she had been there before, and only murmured, buss me more."

ACCORDING to a column account of the dramatic and concert entertainment given by Miss Rebecca J. Sterrett, of this city, at Shumway's Hall at Taylorville, on Friday evening last, which appears in the *Journal* of that place, it was a shining success in every respect. The following is an extract from the article in question:

In the rendering of "A Legend of Bregenz," Miss Sterrett displayed a voice of great strength and sweetness, as well as a thorough comprehension of the piece, ascending from bursts of most eloquent pathos to the soft and gentle cadences descriptive of silent sorrow and gloomy despair, and again swelling her tones so as to thrill her audience as with electricity, while her every look and gesture spoke the inspiration of the author.

SPRING PRICES.—The following were the retail prices for vegetables in Decatur to-day

Peas, 75 cents a peck.
Pie plant, 5 cents a bunch.
String beans, $1 20 a peck.
Cucumbers, $1 50 a dozen.
Lettuce, two bunches for a nickel.
Radishes, three bunches for 10 cents.
Onions, 5 cents a bunch.
Spinach, 20 cents a peck.
Strawberries, 25 cents a box
Cabbage, 20 to 40 cents a head.
Squashes, 10 to 15 cents apiece.
New beets, 50 cents a peck.

TALK FOR TAXPAYERS.

The Coming Special Elections on May 13th and 20th.

The town clerk, George P. Hardy, has inserted a notice in the REPUBLICAN informing the legal voters of Decatur township that a special election will be held in Decatur on Tuesday, May 13, 1879, for the purpose of voting on the question of issuing fifty bonds of one thousand dollars each, numbered from one to fifty inclusive, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable twenty years after date, at the Metropolitan National Bank, of New York City, said bonds to be issued for the purpose of refunding $25,000 Decatur township bonds, issued to the Decatur, Mattoon & Sullivan Railroad, dated Dec. 23, 1872, due 20 years after date, and bearing eight per cent. interest per annum: and $25,000 Decatur township bonds, issued to the Monticello Railroad, dated Sept. 25, 1873, due twenty years after date, and bearing eight per cent. interest per annum.

It will be observed that the refunding of the above bonds will prove a saving to the taxpayers of this township of one thousand dollars per annum.

On Tuesday, May 20th there will be a special election held in the several wards of this city for the purpose of refunding city bonds to the amount of $20,000, drawing interest at ten per cent. per annum, issued June 1, 1869, due June 1, 1879. It is proposed to reissue these bonds at six per cent. per annum, and make them payable 20 years from date of issue, thus saving to the city taxpayers $800 in interest every year.

The above special elections are of much interest to the taxpaying public, and of course the propositions submitted will be carried, no doubt unanimously.

J. F. Harner, editor of the Taylorville *Journal*, was among the 7,000 strangers in the city on Odd-Fellows' day, and after writing a column descriptive of the celebration he pays our beautiful city the following compliment:

We were so well pleased with Decatur and her people that we could not think of tearing ourself suddenly away, and hence tarried until Friday afternoon, as the guest of our esteemed old Hoosier friend, Dr. B. A. Allison, who kindly conducted us over a great portion of the city. Without any disparaging reference to other places, we can truthfully say that Decatur is by far the handsomest inland city we have yet had the pleasure of visiting in this state, and we shall not soon forget the hospitable treatment received and pleasure enjoyed on the above occasion.

DAVID MILLER.—The following is taken from the Camden (O.) *Herald*, of April 25th. The death of Mr. Miller, whose son is George P. Miller, of this city, was announced in the REPUBLICAN April 21st:

After months of intense suffering with tumor of the stomach, our old friend and fellow citizen, David Miller, yielded up his spirit, last Sunday night, at the advanced age of 71 years and six months.—He had been afflicted since July 6th, 1878, and had been bedfast about seven months. Mr. Miller was an old newspaper man, having years ago been identified with journalism in Richmond, Ind. He was a member of the Universalist church. He was a very pleasant, genial gentleman, and was well and very favorably known by every one in this community. He leaves three sons and one daughter, with scores of intimate friends, to mourn his loss.

SENSIBLE ADVICE.—The following from the Hoopeston *Chronicle* should be read and heeded by a large number of people in this city whose names it is unnecessary to publish:

Don't believe every senseless rumor you hear respecting reputable citizens; don't retail a calumny against any man unless you have good foundation for believing it true; don't bite off your own nose to spite your face; don't allow passion to knock down judgment and choke its life out; don't go back on a principle to gratify personal feeling; don't betray the confidence of your friends; don't give your friend the "dirty shake," as the boys say, because he don't look through your spectacles; don't harbor animosity against a neighbor because his opinions conflict with yours. Be Christ-like; be charitable.

A PROMPT PAYMENT.—The semi-annual interest on the debt of the 1st M. E. church, of this city, came due to-day.—The interest amounts to $675, and it was promptly paid by the proper official out of liberal contributions from the membership.

PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Librarian's Report for April.

No. of books loaned	3,645
Av. " " " daily	140
No of visitors registered	6,020
Av. " " " daily	232
Total number registered borrowers,	3,055
Fines, etc., collected	$8.97

R. L. EVANS, Librarian.

MR. P. H. SHAFFER, who resides just northwest of the city, has placed on our table a sample of extra nice home-made bread, made by the deft hands of his good wife. For lightness, sweetness and every other good quality, we have never seen it excelled. It was made of flour from the mill of George Priest & Co., which of itself is a high recommendation.

The Comfort Patent Corset—Bortree's Adjustable, Foy's Supporter, Moody's Abdominal, Glove Fitting, Hundred Bones, together with the best and cheapest French Corsets in the city, at
Jan. 28-d&wtf LINN & SCRUGGS'.

HYMENEAL.

Marriage of Rev. D. P. Bunn, of Decatur, and Mrs. Jane Britton, of Monticello.

From Thursday's Daily.

The marriage of Rev. D. P. Bunn, of this city, and Mrs Jane Britton, was duly solemnized at the residence of the bride's son-in-law, Dr. W. Noecker, of Monticello, Ill., to-day. The ceremony was performed by Rev. S. S. Hebberd, at 6:30 o'clock this morning, and was witnessed by the brother and sister of the bridegroom, Hon. A. B. Bunn and Mrs. Peter Betzer, of Decatur, and many others, Mr and Mrs. W. J. Britton, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Williams and Aunt Letty Huston, of Monticello, who accompanied the bridal party to the I., B. & W. depot at that place soon after the wedding, where the last good-bys were said.

Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Bunn arrived in Decatur at 10:30 o'clock this forenoon, and are for the present the guests of the bridegroom's son, D. L. Bunn, Esq., on West North street. They will go to Taylorville and other points visiting relatives and friends, returning in about two weeks, when they will go to housekeeping at Mr. Bunn's residence on West Main street.

The REPUBLICAN extends its warmest congratulations to the married pair, and wishes both very many years of unalloyed happiness.

MAY PETIT JURORS.

The following is a list of the names of persons drawn to serve as petit jurors for the first two weeks of the May term of the Macon county circuit court, which commences Monday, May 12th:

Joseph Arthur, Hickory Point.
John Gossett, Decatur.
John Coon, Friends Creek.
H. H. Niles, Pleasant View.
G. W. Weeks, South Macon.
J. B. Butt, Hickory Point.
John Aldwilder, Whitmore.
Lee Brewington, Austin.
Daniel Brindle, Hickory Point.
David Maher, Decatur.
J. S. Sargent, Maroa.
Hezekiah Hays, Hickory Point.
George Mier, South Wheatland.
Samuel Shupp, Decatur.
John H. Slaughter, Decatur.
John A. Miller, Decatur.
Arthur Gray, "
J. P. Campbell, Hickory Point.
M. Eichinger, Long Creek.
S. M. Adams, Maroa.
John E. Braden, Harristown.
Charles Lewis, Hickory Point.
Nathaniel Griffith, Decatur.
John Kingsberry, "
George Goodmiller, "
Christ. Lophart, "
F. M. Gaddis, "
Wm. Niedermyer, "
H. Mueller, "
R. R. Montgomery, "
Francis Skelly, "
Geo. R. Morehouse, "
M. A. Myer, "
Peter Melchor, "
J. P. Smallwood, "
Henry Shepherd, "

From Friday's Daily.

CAPTURE OF THE MT. PULASKI BANK ROBBERS.—The St. Louis dailies of to-day contain thrilling accounts of the capture of two men who answer to the names of James Oliver and Jack Woods, at a saloon in that city last night, who cracked the Mt. Pulaski bank on the night of April 23rd. The account in the *Globe-Democrat* concludes:

Both Woods and Oliver are identified beyond all doubt as two of the masked men who entered Cashier Sawyer's house and compelled him to open the bank.—Besides this, the watch taken from the cashier was found in Jack Wood's possession, and several packages of dimes and half dimes, done up in the very papers in which they were originally wrapped at the bank, were found upon both Woods and Oliver. At the time of their arrest they each had a 30-caliber revolver in their possession, besides a pocketfull of cartridges. That they are professional bank robbers is certain, though their connections and pedigree have not as yet been ascertained.

The prisoners will be taken to Mt. Pulaski as soon as a requisition from Gov. Cullom can be obtained.

HOW HE FEELS ABOUT IT.—When a former citizen of Decatur writes us in the following style we are prone to believe that he is giving us "taffy:"

——, ILL., May 1, 1879.

To the Editors of the REPUBLICAN:

DEAR SIRS: You will find enclosed two dollars; send me your paper right along, for it seems to me I hardly know what to do without it. I would almost as soon be without a woman as be without your paper, and you know I couldn't be without a woman.

From Saturday's Daily.

CIRCUIT COURT CASES.—Yesterday was the last day for entering cases on the dockets for the May term of the Macon county circuit court, which convenes May 12th. By the kindness of our efficient clerk, E. McClellan, we are furnished with the following:

No. of criminal cases entered,	62
" common law cases,	112
" chancery cases,	113
Total,	287

The clerk informs us that the above total is about the same number of cases that has been entered on the dockets at the beginning of each of the courts for a year past.

NICKEL-PLATED heels, Merkle Patent Seamless Shoes, check, blue and basket top, side lace and button shoes, at Ferriss's Shoe Store.
Feb. 20-d&wtf

THE LINSEED OIL MILL.

Knocked Down to Hatfield, Taylor & Co. for $10,275—Who Were There.

From Friday's Daily.

The well-known linseed oil mill, on East Main street, lately owned by W. & B. Sawyer, deceased, was sold at public auction on the premises on yesterday afternoon. The property was sold jointly by the administrator of William Sawyer's estate, Benjamin O. McReynolds, and Albert Barnes and William Sawyer, jr., executors of the last will and testament of Benjamin Sawyer. John W. Hartley was the auctioneer.

The sale commenced at 3 p. m., and the first bid was $5,000, by J. W. Race. Then bids as follows: $6,000 by Hatfield & Taylor; $8,000 by J. F. Roach; $9,000 by James Millikin. The bids came in slowly after $10,000 was called by the auctioneer—Roach, Race, and Hatfield & Taylor being the parties who kept nodding to Hartley. Roach bid $10,250, and then there was a long wait; Hatfield & Taylor made it $10,260, and J. W. Race followed by making it $10,275, and the mill, fixtures and grounds were knocked down to him at a quarter past four o'clock. Mr. Race's bid was made for Hatfield & Taylor, who will take immediate possession, and continue the business under the firm name and style of Hatfield, Taylor & Co.

The following well-known citizens were present: Lowber Burrows, A. W. Conklin, A. T. Hill, James Millikin, J. R. Gorin, D. W. Brenneman, Dr. J. N. Bills, Reuben Betzer, J. F. Roach, J. W. Race, C. A. Ewing, Edward Harpstrite, D. S. Shellabarger, Edward A. Jones, F. L. Wood, Wm. W. Foster, J. M. Clokey, George Priest, M. Elson, K. H. Roby, W. A. Barnes, John Sawyer, Christ. Harpstrite, Thomas B. Albert, Gilbert Howell, George Leiby, A. Kramer, Jos. McClellan, Samuel A. Smallwood, Al. Deihl, J. H. Cunningham, John A. Swearingen, J. M. Lowry, J. Q. A. Oder, M. P. Murphy, Dr. H. C. Johns, Wm. Traver, Samuel Weitzel, and many others.

Those present from abroad were John and James Hatfield, B. Z. Taylor and J. K. Niles, Blue Mound, and W. M. Camp, Bement.

The mill was established on its present site in 1867, at a cost of $32,000, and has a capacity of working up 60,000 bushels of seed a year. The expense of operating the mill each year is about $10,000 for labor, light, fuel, etc. Since the establishment of the oil mill and the Decatur bagging factory at Decatur, the farmers in this and surrounding counties have turned their attention to raising flax, the seed being purchased by the oil mill, and the straw by the bagging factory. Last year there were over 50,000 bushels of seed delivered at the oil mill, the product of that year's crop. By a little enterprise on the part of parties interested, the farmers this year have been better supplied with seed than on previous years, and it is known that the yield will be unusually large.

Messrs. John Hatfield, B. Z. Taylor and James Hatfield have been engaged in the grain business at Blue Mound for a number of years, and are well known to most of our citizens as thorough business men, and will certainly make a success of their new undertaking. They got a bargain yesterday, and the REPUBLICAN, on behalf of the community at large, gives them a hearty welcome to Decatur, and wishes the new firm of Hatfield, Taylor & Co. continued and lasting prosperity.

David J. Phillips writes the REPUBLICAN from Oxford, Sumner county, Kan., that the farmers in that region of the country are through planting corn, and there is corn up high enough to see the entire length of the rows. Early wheat is high enough to hide a common sized dog, and the crop generally begins to look fine. If it had not been for the rain soon after Easter Sunday, the wheat would have been burnt up by the hot scorching sun. Fine rains have fallen at intervals since then. Potatoes are up and growing nicely; peach crop killed April 2d. Speaking of the Pawnee Indians, Mr. Phillips says:

The Pawnees are a strange looking people. A person not accustomed to seeing those people cannot tell a squaw from a buck, for they all wear red petticoats and a thin covering around the shoulders.—The nation is a beautiful spot to look upon; it is covered with green grass, now from 6 to 15 inches high. Some cattle have lived in the Indian Territory all winter. The herders are gathering up their herds now.

EVERYBODY KNOWS that so long as there is proud flesh in a sore or wound, it will not heal. The obstacle is speedily removed, and the flesh reunited by HENRY'S CARBOLIC SALVE, the finest embodiment in existence of that supreme purifier, carbolic acid. Its emollient ingredients modify its pungent acid basis, so that it never cauterizes, stings or scarifies the diseased part. Sores and eruptions of all kinds are cured by it. Sold by S. M. Irwin, the Live Druggist.
May 3-d&w1w

IN THE past two weeks, ending May 3d, Abel & Locke sold 187 carpets, averaging 20 yards each, amounting to 3,740 yards. These goods have gone all over central Illinois, and to many other states Their wall paper and curtain trade has been immense. They have received fifty pieces of new carpet during the past week, and 10,000 rolls of wall paper—and still there's more to follow.

RAILROAD RACKETS.

A Few Items of Interest to the Reading Public.

New and substantial crossings have recently been placed in position on the tracks of the Wabash and Central railroads, at the union depot.

When finished the Wabash ticket office, which has been undergoing repairs for several days past, will be a thing of beauty and a joy forever to Charley Brown and Joe Shaffer.

R. L. Perry, the newly-appointed roadmaster of Danville and St. Louis division of the Wabash road, has enlarged his office on account of increased business.

Freight and passenger business on the I., D. & S. R'y is steadily increasing.—The road has a worthy Decatur agent in the person of Geo. E. Lary.

One hundred new freight cars will soon be placed on the Illinois Midland Railway.

W. S. Marshall, agent for the I., B. & W. is making many friends in business, circles, and is ever watchful for the interests of his road.

Since the Illinois Central railroad commenced doing business in 1865 it has paid into the state treasury, in accordance with the terms of its charter, the sum of $7,618,201.07.

On the first day of May all the employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and of the roads under its management appeared in uniform. Simultaneously on 7,000 miles of track the railroad men appeared in uniforms of blue, consisting of frock coat, overvest and pants, the coats with brass buttons bearing the letters "P. R. R.," and a blue cap with white cord.

A story is told of a fireman on the Louisville and Nashville and Great Southern railroad who, when a novitiate, was told to go out and oil up the links, meaning those connected with the machinery of the engine. The unsophisticated stoker went down the entire length of a long freight train and carefully oiled the links between the cars; and the engineer lost his religion in consequence.

Speaking of the Wabash railway, the *Railway Review* says: Managers of competing lines have looked upon it as a sort of Ishmael in its traffic relations, and all combinations which have not taken it into the account have found out their mistake. Just now it is playing the most important part in the southwestern war. It is acting in unison with the St. Louis lines, and as it extends to Chicago, while the Chicago roads have no ally west of that city, the latter are placed at a great disadvantage; the Wabash is carrying freight from New York to the Missouri river via St. Louis, at the same rates which are charged from New York to Chicago.

THE CITY PARK.

A Suggestion to the Decatur Councilmen.

The public generally is well aware of the fact that our beautiful City Park, with its attractive fountain, is now in first-class condition, which is greatly due to the efforts and good taste of the custodian, Col. Bird. Many improvements have been made in the Park recently, the most noticeable of which is that of placing a drinking fountain near the basin for the accommudation of the public, where cool water from the water works may be had at all hours of the day or night.

Now there is a general demand on the part of many of our citizens that the city council, at its regular meeting on Monday night next, consider the matter of making additional decorations in the park. It is suggested that flower beds be laid out along the walks and near the fountain, and that rustic vases dot the greensward where there are no trees. We are informed that a number of ladies have offered to give their share of flowers and plants, and no doubt there will be a number of others not yet heard from who will follow their example, if the council takes favorable action in the matter.

The suggestion is certainly a good one, and should receive the prompt attention of the proper authorities. The beds of blooming flowers and vases of growing plants would add much to the beauty of the park, and make it a favorite place of resort for tired and perspiring humanity during the coming hot summer afternoons and evenings.

OUR reporter met a number of ladies in different parts of the city yesterday who were working faithfully for the success of the coming Catholic fair and festival at the tabernacle the latter part of the present month. Among the articles to be voted away is a fine lantern to the most popular railroad conductor. Horace Morgan is mentioned as a candidate.

From Friday's Daily.

AT A regular meeting of the Decatur Grenadiers held at their armory last night, it was decided to meet every third Friday night in each month until October, for drill. This action is not in violation of the regulation, which leaves the matter of drilling through the summer months optional with the state militia.

SHELLABARGER's patent process flour saves one-half the labor in baking, and will make more bread to the pound than any other flour ever sold here.
Dec. 18-d&wtf

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TELEGRAPHIC

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Mr. McDonald reported from the committee on Judiciary, with amendments, the bill introduced yesterday by Mr. Eaton making it unlawful to use any part of the army and navy at the polls, etc. He gave notice that he would call it up to-morrow.

The Judiciary committee has added two amendments. The first provides that the prohibition against bringing to or employing troops at polls shall not apply to the use of a military force when necessary "to protect a state against invasion." The other amendment inserts the words, "when the Legislature cannot be convened" after the clause which exempts from prohibition the employment of the army or navy to enforce the fourth section of Article 4 of the constitution and laws made in pursuance thereof, "upon application of the Legislature or Executive of the state."

Mr. Beck reported from the Committee on appropriations, with amendments the Legislative, Executive and Judicial appropriation bill, and gave notice that he would call it up at an early day.

The principal amendments made by the committee on appropriations are those which were agreed upon by the committee yesterday, including the omission of the House clause directing the $10,000,000 reserve to be issued in payment of arrears-pensions.

The resolution authorizing the taking of testimony in relation to the claim of Mr. Spofford to the seat of Senator Kellogg was considered.

The morning hour was consumed in the introduction and reference of bills.

The Senate amendments to the bill providing for certain expenses of the present session were concurred in.

Mr Knott reported back, without amendment the bill, introduced yesterday to prohibit military interference at elections.

Mr. Robeson offered a substitute making it unlawful to bring to, or employ at, any place where a general or special election is being held in a state any part of the army or navy, unless such employment shall be necessary to carry out the provisions of the constitution, or overcome a forcible obstruction to the execution of the laws made in pursuance thereof, and making any violation of this act a penal offense.

The substitute is entitled "A bill to further protect the freedom of elections."

Mr. Robeson's substitute was defeated—yeas, 93; nays, 121. Only one Greenbacker (Ford) voted "aye," and eight (De La Matyr, Jones, Ladd, Lowe, Murch, Stevenson, Weaver and Yokum) voted "no."

The Republicans filibustored on the bill to prevent the interference of troops at elections. All but Chittenden, Kelly, Killinger and Morton declined voting, while there were not enough Democrats present to constitute a quorum. The reason for filibustering was the refusal to allow Mr. Conger to offer an amendment.

A second "call" was ordered.

LATER

At 2:40 filibustering ceased, and the House passed the bill reported this morning by Mr. Knott—yeas, 124; nays, 90—a strict party vote. All the Greenbackers voted in the affirmative with the Democrats.

BOSTON, May 4.—The funeral of Edith Freeman, the victim of a father's fanaticism, took place in the Methodist church, at Pocasset, this afternoon The body was brought to the church in a small casket by Alden P. Davis, a sympathizer with Freeman in his deed, and one of the latter's chief abettors, who after depositing the casket and its contents near the altar, announced his intention of addressing the audience, but this he was prevented from doing by threats of arrest. Adventists who in their blind superstition fully believe that the dead child will be resurrected, or else its body translated to heaven, are deeply mortified that their prophecies should result in so apparent a non-fulfillment.

After the funeral service in the church the body was removed to the village cemetery, hard by, and deposited in the grave. Davis, an Adventist fanatic, mounted a tombstone and began an address to the crowd assembled, attempting to prove that Freeman was justified by God in killing his child, but was prevented by the crowd, who compelled him to desist. The casket was then covered with earth. The Adventists having threatened to remove the body and throw it into the water near by, that the climax to its sacrifice may not be interfered, the Sheriff's officers have guarded the grave, and will remain on watch until morning.

SALT LAKE, Utah, May 3.—In the Miles polygamy case to day. Judge Emerson sentenced Daniel H. Wells, First Counselor to the Twelve Apostles of the Mormon Church, to a fine of $400 and two days' imprisonment for contempt in refusing to answer questions relative to polygamous marriages in the Endowment House said to have been performed by him, and to the costumes worn. The evidence taken has been similar to that taken before the Commissioner at the examination in October last, and points to a conviction. The arguments in the case will be made Monday.

For the best sugar-cured hams and the choicest dried beef to be found in the city go to J. IMBODEN & SON'S.
May 2-d2m

WASHINGTON, May 5.—The Democratic caucus programme of introducing a separate bill repealing the law allowing the presence of troops at the polls was carried into execution in the House to-day. Mr. Ladd, of Maine, was the medium used for getting the bill before the House, he being the first person recognized by the Speaker under a call of the States. The bill was read, and, without discussion, was referred to the Judiciary Committee. The plan is to have the measure reported back to-morrow, limit the debate to a few hours, and then pass it. The Democrats claim that the bill can be sent to the Senate by Wednesday and pushed through that body this week. The present disposition of the Republicans is not to offer any factious opposition, but to allow it to go through after proper debate. There is but one opinion among the Republicans regarding the President's probable action in reference to the caucus bill, and that is that it will be vetoed promptly on the broad ground that it is an attempt to coerce the Executive by withholding appropriations.

The following is the text of the bill:

WHEREAS, The presence of troops at the polls is contrary to the spirit of our institutions and the traditions of our people, and tends to destroy the freedom of elections; therefo re

Be it enacted, etc., That it shall not be lawful to bring to, or employ at, any place where a general or special election is being held in a State, any part of the army or navy of the United States, unless such force be necessary to repel armed enemies of the United States or to enforce Section 4, Article 4, of the constitution of the United States and the laws made in pursuance thereof, on the application of the Legislature or Executive of the State where such force is to be used; and so much of all laws as is inconsistent herewith is hereby repealed.

Under a call of the States, several hundred new bills were offered in the House to-day.

Republican Senators are advised that Vice President Wheeler does not intend to return here during the extra session, unless his presence is considered absolutely necessary, which is not at all probable. Senator Thurman will remain as President pro tem.

Senator Wade Hampton intends to pair on all political questions, and return to South Carolina to remain during the remainder of the extra session.

PRETTY AND YOUNG.

In every feature but the hair, which had grown white from fever. This lady at 35 writes us: "I have used Parker's Hair Balsam six months and am more than pleased with it. It has restored the natural brown color of my hair, and given it a silky softness, nicer than ever before There is no Dandruff, no falling hair, and it leaves the scalp so clean and nice and cool that I am ever so much pleased, and I feel and look like myself again." The beautiful, fresh and vigorous hair it produces, together with its property of restoring gray or faded hair to the natural youthful color, and entirely freeing the head from dandruff and itching, surprises no less than it pleases. Sold in large bottles, at only 50 cts. and $1 00, by all first class druggists.

JUDICIAL ELECTION.

WE are authorized to announce OLIVER L. DAVIS, of Danville, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Judge of the Circuit Court.

WE are authorized to announce Hon. O. B. FICKLIN, of Coles county, as a candidate for Judge of the Circuit Court.

WE are authorized to announce JOHN M. SCOTT as a candidate for re-election in the third election district to the office of Judge of the Supreme Court of the State of Illinois, at the ensuing June election.

WE are authorized to announce BENJAMIN S. EDWARDS, of Springfield, as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court.

WE are authorized to announce JACOB W. WILKIN, of Clark county, as a candidate for Judge of the Circuit Court.

EDITORS REPUBLICAN:—Please announce that C. B. SMITH is a candidate for re-election for Circuit Judge for the 4th circuit.

WE are authorized to announce A. B. BUNN, of Macon county, as a candidate for Judge of the circuit court in this judicial district.

WILLIAM E. NELSON, of Macon county, is a candidate for reelection as Judge of the circuit court for the 4th judicial district.

WE are authorized to announce SAMUEL R. REED, of Piatt county, as a candidate for Judge of the Circuit Court, in the 4th judicial district.

MARKET REPORT.

DECATUR, ILL., May 7, 1879.

GRAIN MARKET.	
FLOUR—White Wheat selling per hundred lbs	$3.25@3.50
FLOUR—Red wheat selling per hundred lbs	3.00
CORN MEAL White selling	.50
" " Yellow "	.45
SHORTS—Per hundred, selling	1.00
CORN	.30
WHEAT	.80@1.00
OATS	.18
FARM PRODUCE.	
POTATOES	40@50
BUTTER—Per lb	15@18
EGGS Per dozen	.08
LARD—Selling	.10
SIDE-BACON—Selling	.10
HAMS Selling	10@.15
CHICKENS—Per dozen, live	1.50@1.70
" " " dressed	2.50@2.55
TURKEYS Dressed	.08
ONIONS—Per bushel	.35@40
APPLES—Per bushel	50@75
TIMOTHY HAY New, per ton	5.00
FAT CATTLE—Per cwt.	3.50@4.00
HOGS Per cwt.	2.50@3.00
WOOL—Fine, unwashed	.24@.25
" " washed	.32@.34
HIDES Green	4½
" " damaged	½ price
" Dry	8@.12½
SHEEP PELTS—Apiece	50@75
TALLOW—Per pound	4½

A GOOD PLAN.

Anybody can learn to make money rapidly operating in Stocks, by the "Two Unerring Rules for Success," in Messrs Lawrence & Co.'s new circular The combination method, which this firm has made so successful, enables people with large or small means to reap all the benefits of largest capital and best skill. Thousands of orders, in various sums, are pooled into one vast amount and *co-operated as a mighty whole*, thus securing to each shareholder all the advantages of the largest operator. Immense profits are divided monthly.—Any amount, from $5 to $5,000, or more, can be used successfully. N. Y. *Baptist Weekly*, Sept. 26th, 1878, says, "By the combination system $15 would make $75, or 5 per cent.; $50 pays $350, or 7 per cent.; $100 makes $1,000, or ten per cent. on the stock, during the month, according to the market." *Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper*, June 29th: "The combination method of operating stocks is the most successful ever adopted." *New York Independent*, Sept. 18th: The combination system is founded upon correct business principles, and no person need be without an income while it is kept working by Messrs. Lawrence & Co. *Brooklyn Journal*, April 26th: "Our editor made a net profit of $101 25 from $20 in one of Messrs. Lawrence & Co.'s combinations." New circular (mailed free) explains everything. Stocks and bonds wanted. Government bonds supplied. Lawrence & Co., Bankers, 57 Exchange Place, New York.
May 1—wtf

EDUCATIONAL COLUMN.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS: All subject matter intended for this column should be addressed to I. E. Brown or Miss M. F. Fulton, Decatur; or J. Trainor, Blue Mound, Ill.]

PRIZE SPELLING MATCH.

The following is the list of words pronounced at the teachers' meeting May 3: Chinquapin, coliseum, hypocrisy, moccasin, calligraphy, flagellation, puissance, syringa, sibylline, scalable, piquancy, coccolite, bayo, caviare, tingeing, twingeing, absinthe, numskull, weird, fugue, chute, schist, knout, blowzed, ghoul, trichina, facetious, caoutchouc, opodeldoc, attache, basserelief, plagully, gyving, docile, knacky, squiny, cameos, twilly, vis-a-vis, eleemosynary, reversible, erasible, deleble, raillery, balance, narrow-gauge, muley, enallage, numismatics, cylinder.

It will be noticed that some of the words have two authorized spellings. The highest number spelled was forty, out of the fifty pronounced; Mr. A. E. Beardsley only misspelling ten, and according to the condition of the match, receiving the prize—Milne's Practical Arithmetic.

After studying the results of the above we have concluded that the list was entirely too difficult, and to give the Association another chance at our next monthly meeting in June. We will elect a list of *thirty* words in common use, and award a prize of some good practical book of special interest to the teacher. The title of the book will be announced in due time.

BUGS.

We announced through the columns of the *Blue Mound Yard Stick*, that we were desirous of obtaining any or all insects injurious to vegetation, and requested farmers and others to send us such specimens as they might be able to obtain.—As a result we are besieged by "bugs" from every direction. School boys in the vicinity have succeeded in getting us some of the very best specimens the country and season affords. Yesterday we received a neat package through the compliments of "Uncle Sam," addressed in a neat hand, and labeled "Bugology," with the caution to "handle with care" We cautiously opened the package, all expectant to see a scorpion, centipede or June-bug (in May), but were surprised to see a large bug, of a new species, with the simple label, "please classify." We ran over the long list of insects described by Tenney, Steele, Hooker and Harris, but failed to find any description which will apply to our bug. It has the abdomen of the bird-catching mygale (*mygale avicularia*), with all the glowing colors of a first-class Macon county spider, but strange to say, has the wings of a bee. (*A Melifica*) The strangest freak of nature connected with this wonderful insect is the fact that two of its legs are attached to the middle of its abdomen, and the ovopositor is about one inch in length and turned forward beneath the insect, running its whole length, and held just beneath the antennæ by a short, curved proboscis, resembling a fish-hook in form. The bug is one inch in length, and expands one and one-fourth inches.

We will place this animal on exhibition at the county superintendent's office on Saturday, for one month, and will gladly tell any naturalist *all we know* about it, and if possible assist in referring it to its proper place in the long list of insects—We especially invite Prof. Gastman to assist us in classifying this disturber of "our ability to tell a bug at sight." JOHN.

CHICAGO, May 6.—Gray, who attempted to shoot Edwin Booth, recently, pleaded guilty in the Criminal Court this morning of assault with intent to kill and was remanded for sentence until Booth shall have made his statement in court, and inquiry is made into the mental condition of the prisoner.

LOOK OUT

A LARGE LINE OF

NEW STYLES

—OF—

CARPETING

THIS WEEK.

BRUSSELS

AND

INGRAINS

At the Lowest Possible Prices,

—AT—

ABEL & LOCKE'S.

April 29, 1879—dawtf

AGENTS WANTED for the *Best* and *Fastest Selling* Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. National Publishing Co., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED!! A YOUNG MAN who can control the Boot and Shoe Business in this county. Address, with references, J. H. VAN EASSEN, 500 Locust Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

CHEAPEST BOOK-STORE in the World.
55,672 Superb English Books AT OUR PRICE
75,276 New American Books AT YOUR PRICE
112,788 Second-hand Books AT ANY PRICE.
Catalogue of General Literature FREE.
LEGGAT BROTHERS,
3 Beekman St., near Post Office, New York

NEW RICH BLOOD!

PARSON'S PURGATIVE PILLS make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 pill each night from one to twelve weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. Sent by mail for 8 letter stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Bangor, Maine.

ATWOOD'S
QUININE TONIC
BITTERS.

The Most Agreeable Tonic and Best Stomachic Ever Offered the Public.

IT WILL IMPROVE YOUR APPETITE, FACILITATE DIGESTION, GIVE TONE TO THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, VIGOR TO EVERY PART OF THE BODY, THEREBY IMPARTING HEALTH AND STRENGTH.

THERE IS
NO REMEDY SO GOOD
FOR LANGUOR AND DEBILITY.

The medical faculty indorse it for Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Nervous Debility, Loss of Appetite, and all diseases arising from a Disordered Liver or Stomach.

Persons living in or visiting sections where Malaria, Fever and Ague, Bilious Fever, etc., are the characteristic diseases, should be provided with this valuable medicine. It is a sure preventive for all ailments arising from malarial causes. It is a preparation of

QUININE,

one of the best Remedial Agents which the science of Chemistry has placed at the disposal of the physician, combined with other valuable tonics, delicately flavored with choice aromatics to please the taste

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

For sale by all the Wholesale Druggists in Chicago, and Medicine Dealers generally.
May 8 wtw

SAND, GRAVEL

—AND—

COBBLE STONE,

By the Yard or Carload,

FOR SALE BY

J. IMBODEN

Decatur, Ill., May 6, 1879—d&wlmo

If you are a man of business, weakened by the strain of your duties, avoid stimulants and take

HOP BITTERS.

If you are a man of letters, toiling over your midnight work, to restore brain and nerve waste, take

HOP BITTERS.

If you are young, and suffering from any indiscretion or disappation, take

HOP BITTERS.

If you are married or single, old or young, suffering from poor health or languishing on a bed of sickness, take

HOP BITTERS.

Whoever you are, wherever you are, whenever you feel that your system needs cleansing, toning or stimulating, without intoxicating, take

HOP BITTERS.

Have you dyspepsia, kidney or urinary complaint, disease of the stomach, bowels, blood, liver or nerves? You will be cured if you take

HOP BITTERS.

If you are simply ailing, are weak and low spirited, try it. Buy it. Insist upon it. Your druggist keeps it.

HOP BITTERS.

It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.
May 1—wsw

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Elizabeth Ekel, deceased.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against the estate of Elizabeth Ekel, deceased, to present the same for adjudication and settlement at a regular term of the County Court of Macon County, to be holden at the Court House, in the city of Decatur, on the third Monday of June, A. D. 1879, being the first day of said term.

Decatur, Ill., May 1, A. D. 1879.
NOAH JACOBS, Administrator.
ELDRIDGE & HOWLETTER, Attorneys.
May 3 d4w

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of GEORGE W. JOHNSON, Dec'd.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against the estate of George W. Johnson, deceased, to present the same for adjudication and settlement at a regular term of the County Court of Macon county, to be holden at the Court House, in the city of Decatur, on the third Monday of July, A. D. 1879, being the first day of said term.

Decatur, Ill., May 5, A. D. 1879.
W. T. MOFFETT, Administrator.
May 8—w4w

IF YOU WANT

Choice Groceries

CALL ON

HENRY LYON,

28 Merchant St.,

Where you will always find a stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries and

PROVISIONS,

Which will be sold at prices as low as can be found anywhere.

WE ROAST AND GRIND OUR OWN COFFEE.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

Of all kinds taken in exchange for goods.

HENRY LYON.

Decatur, Mar. 1879-wtf

Cheap Charley

ONE PRICE ONLY.

No Misrepresentation.

THE "POOR MAN'S FRIEND."

THE ONLY RETAIL CLOTHING HOUSE IN CENTRAL ILLINOIS WHICH MANUFACTURES ITS OWN CLOTHING.

OPENING OF THE SPRING SEASON 1879.

Our Stock is now in Tip-Top Shape, and will be kept so till the End of the Season, by Weekly Fresh Arrivals from our Factory in Chicago.

Our increasing business is not owing to any particular circumstances or good fortune, but to earnest attention and personal supervision of our customers' wants, and the close, chary prices at which we sell our Goods.

IN ADDITION TO OUR LARGE AND VARIED STOCK OF

GOODS FOR MEN'S WEAR!

WE SHALL ADD STILL GREATER ATTRACTIONS, MORE NUMEROUS BARGAINS and CONTRAST BONA-FIDE VALUES, TO SURPASS ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.

Call at Once and See OUR NEW STYLES, and Learn OUR NEW PRICES.

Which are really so low that we are nearly ashamed to mention them.

CHEAP CHARLEY.

KAUFMAN & BACHRACH, Decatur, Ill. Factory in Chicago.
March 11—d&wtf

Another Fresh Lot

—OF—

Baby Carriages

Price of some of them as low as $6.00.

REFRIGERATORS

—AND—

ICE CHESTS,

12 sizes, with all the latest improvements.—Prices very Greatly Reduced--$7, $9 and $11. Let no family be without one of these most useful pieces of furniture.

☞Printed catalogues of a thousand articles for household use, will be ready in a few days, at

LIDDLE'S,

Court House Block.

April 23—d&wtf

The Imported Stallion

"NIGER!"

Will make the season of 1879 at the farm formerly owned by Thomas C. Sterrett, one mile northeast of Warrensburg, Macon county, Illinois, spring season to commence the 1st of April and close the 15th of July; fall season from the 1st of September to the 20th of October. Terms, $18.00 to insure with foal; payable when the fact is ascertained. Good care will be taken of stock, but no responsibility for accidents or escapes. Mares from a distance will be pastured at reasonable rates on the farm. Mares not proving in foal can be returned free of charge.

DESCRIPTION AND PEDIGREE.

NIGER is a jet black, 9 years old, 16½ hands high, and weighed last August 1600 lbs. Was imported from France by James Fullington & Co., of Union county, Ohio, in the fall of 1874. They also imported Old Louis Napoleon, and other noted French horses. NIGER has proven a sure foal getter the past two seasons, and parties wishing can see a lot of his colts on the farm where he now stands, and also throughout the county, where he is well and favorably known.

JONES & BRENNERMAN.

P. S.—We have one brood mares and young stallions, three-fourth to seven-eighth breed, on the farm; also also a herd of short horns to be disposed of. apr24w6mo

100,000 Bushels of Corn Wanted by Linn & Scruggs, for which they will pay two cents a bushel more than the highest market price in merchandise, at lowest cash prices, the corn to be delivered at D. S. Shellabarger & Co.'s mill.
Jan. 1—d&wtf

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, David L. Allen and Julia E. Allen his wife, of the County of Macon and State of Illinois, did, on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1878, by their certain deed of trust, of that date, duly recorded in book 85, page 290, in the Recorder's office of Macon county, Illinois, convey to Hudson Burr, as trustee, and to his successors in trust, the following described premises situated in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, to-wit: Lot twenty-two (22) of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section twenty-three (23), containing ten (10) acres; and the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section twenty-three (23), containing forty (40) acres, excepting about four (4) acres of the northwest corner of said tract, which lie on the west side of the public road; also the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty-three (23), containing forty (40) acres; also the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty-three (23), containing forty (40) acres; also the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-three (23), containing forty (40) acres; also the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section twenty-six (26), containing forty (40) acres; all of said tracts being situated in township sixteen (16) north, range two (2) east of the third principal meridian, and comprising in all 360 acres of land. Said trust deed was made to secure the payment of five (5) certain promissory bonds bearing even date with said trust deed for the principal sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) each, payable to the order of Gilbert & Day, of West Winsted, Conn., and falling due five years after date, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, said interest payments till maturity being shown by interest notes or coupons attached to each of said bonds, and payable on the 5th day of March and September of each year.

Whereas, said trust deed provides that in case of default in payment of principal bonds or interest coupons, or any of them, or any part thereof, at the time and place and in the manner specified therein, then on the application of the legal holder of said bonds, the said trustee or his successor in trust shall have the right to sell the said premises in the manner therein prescribed, and apply the proceeds of such sale as therein specified, and

Whereas, default has been made in payment of all of said principal bonds ($5,000), due March 5, 1879, and the interest on the same, due March 5, 1879, amounting to $250, and by reason of such default the legal holder of said bonds has applied to have said premises sold and the proceeds applied according to the provisions of said trust deed, and

Whereas, the whole of said indebtedness, on the 5th day of May, A. D. 1879, amounts to the sum of Five Thousand Three Hundred and Thirty-Seven Dollars and Forty-Nine Cents, not including attorney's fees or costs of these proceedings.

Now, therefore, by virtue of the power in me vested, as trustee, and in compliance with the terms of said trust deed, I will offer the premises above described at public sale to the highest bidder for cash in hand, at the south door of the court house in the city of Bloomington, in McLean county, Illinois, on

Monday, the 5th day of May, A. D. 1879,

at the hour of ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with all right and equity of redemption and all homestead rights of said David L. Allen and Julia E. Allen, their heirs and assigns therein, and will execute and deliver to the purchaser or purchasers at said sale a deed or deeds of conveyance in fee of the premises sold.

HUDSON BURR, Trustee.
Dated March 29, 1879. wtd

Notice of Final Settlement.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
Macon County,

In the County Court, May Term, A. D. 1879.

To Letitia J. Mayer, Laura L. Hill, Alpha Green and William H. Bartlett, heirs of David M. Bartlett, deceased:

YOU are hereby notified that on the twenty-first day of May, A. D. 1879, we will appear before the county court of Macon county, in Probate matters sitting then and there, to make a final settlement of our acts and doings as administrators of the estate of David M. Bartlett, deceased, when and where you can be and appear and examine the same and make objections to the same if you see fit.

LETITIA J MAYER,
F. D. SCOTT,
Administrators of the estate of
April 24—w3w David M. Bartlett, dec'd.

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